THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Gallaway & Co. MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1868. (Volume Ten—Number 325

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Appleton & Co., F. M., jobbing dealers and commission merchants, 180½ Front and 179 Jefferson streets.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 282 Main street.

Boone & Co., D. C., cotton and tobacco factors, Avalanche Building, Jefferson street.

Buckman, Hendrix & Co., rectifiers, 19 Adams street.

Block, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Bolcott & Co., booksellers and stationers, 34 Main street.

Bushly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes, 261 Main street.

Bowers & Co., James T., steel stock agents, 18 Madison street.

Cameron & Co., J. H., Finley Churn Dasher, 261 Main street.

Chamberlin & Co., C. F., book sellers and stationers, 197 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. H., insurance agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Carter & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 211 Second street.

Cunningham, Chapman & Co., books and stationery, 276½ Main street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 20 Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cubbins, Gunn & Coover, planing mill and lumber yard, 161, 163 and 165 Washington street.

Connell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cook, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 258 Front street.

Cubbins & Sims, iron founders and machinists, Adams street, near depot.

Cayce & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 260 Main street.

Christian & Co., J. A., storage for cotton and merchandise 78 Jay Yard.

Davis, A. F., practical house and sign painter, 28 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel manufactory, 59 Front street, above Market.

Delsoto Bank of Memphis, 20 Madison street.

Dickinson & Bro., J. W., cotton factors and commission merchants, 210 Front street.

Deffinger & Co., J., china, glass and queensware, 44 North Court street.

European Assurance Society, office 279 Main street.

Exmet Savings Institution, 6 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, dry goods, 247 Main street.

Ferguson, Cordes & Co., grocers, 143 Front street.

Fowlkes & Steffey, cotton factors and commission merchants, 191 Second street and 44 Washington.

Finnie, Buckman & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 300 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 21 Front street.

Forster, Heathorn & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 239 Main street.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Green & Co., N. S., dealers in whisky, etc., 221 Front street.

Gay, Alden, McCrea & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 376 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harmstad, Larry, steamboat agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Stranger & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Hill & Co., John C., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street, near depot.

Haller, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 40 Madison street.

Howell Wood & Co., dry goods, Southern Palace, 321 Main street.

Heath, Lewis & Fraser, attorneys, corner Second and Main street.

Isaacs & Pritz dry goods, 2 5 Main street

Jones, Edward C., architect, 276½ Main street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 286 Front street.

Jones & Co., G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 267 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 181 Front street, up stairs.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Kinney & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Kit Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 288 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, John B. Ellis, general agent, 300 and 302 Front street.

Lamb & Co., E. W., cotton and storage warehouse, Allegre street, near depot.

Lacey & Reuther, cotton factors and commission merchants, 2 20 Front street.

Lane & Co., C., cotton factors and commission merchants, corner of Union and Front streets.

Levett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 18 Front street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Lehmberg & Brother, agents, boots and shoes, 24½ Second street.

Levy and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 14 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods 241 Main street

Lindsey, Arnold & Co., dry goods, 251 Main street.

Moody & Co., John R., commission and storage, 208 Front street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Moore, Whitfield & Co., cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Mosby & Dorion, commission merchants, 264 Front street

McVae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McCombs & Co., sole agents Eagle Cotton Gins, 282½ and 284 Main street.

Meibohm & Bro., liquor dealers, 241 Main street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 18 Union street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 36 Union street between Second and Third.

Murray & Hidgely, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street, Memphis Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 282 Main street

Mansfield & Higbee, wholesale druggists, 261 and 263 Main street.

Milford, Clements & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Poplar street, near river.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 267½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fleet Calvert, Superintendent.

New Memphis Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Nolan & Lindsay, house and sign painters, glaziers, etc., 37 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines liquors, cigars, etc., 29 Jefferson street.

North America Life Insurance Company, of New York John B. Ellis, general agent, 300 Front street.

Partee, Metzhen & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Power & Methesy, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 13 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Post, cotton gins, presses and planters machinery, 180 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 264 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Parties & Harbert, commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Rice, stix & Co., dry goods, 207 Main street.

Roach & Co., A. G., wholesale grocers, 229 Front street.

Rawlings & Co., W. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 18 Union street.

Robertson & Carte, cotton factors and commission merchants, 18 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite Clayton House.

Roberson, Sneed & Co., wholesale clothing, 240 Mainstreet

Ruffin, Flanery & Co., cotton factors, 18 Union street.

Rayner, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Stewart, W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 2 Bank alley.

Schabel & Co., J. F., store fixtures, 272 Main street.

Stone, Horace, wholesale boots and shoes, 235 Mainstreet.

Sullivan, Mrs. Sallie, millinery goods, 257 Main street, over Bennett's.

Sample, Mirchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street, up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 24 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 264 Second street.

Shaw & Co., J. S., hardware, 234 Second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 262 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Toof, S. U., Book and Job Printer, No. 15 West Court street.

Taylor, Cole & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Thomas & Arnold, dry goods, 243 Main street,

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Tennessee State Mutual Insurance Company, of Memphis, office 15 Madison street

Tims & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Union street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main streets.

Tobin, Lynn & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 366 Main street

Vinson & Donohue, steamboat agents, 224 Front street, up stairs.

Vorder & Hatchett, cotton factors and commission merchants, 258 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 29 Madison street.

Van Vleet, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 20 Jefferson street.

Wedeles & Co., J. H., merchant tailors and dealers in ready-made clothing, 236 Main street.

Watson & Co., J. B., wholesale and retail druggists, 213 Main street.

Webb, S. M., & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Worsham House, corner Main and Adams streets. C. B. Oakley, proprietor.

White, Kerr & Keates, cotton factors, general commission merchants, 282 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Williams, J. D., wholesale clothing, 273 Main street.

Williamson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 258 Front street.

Wait & Co., Martin, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 176 Front street.

Wright, W. F., storage and commission, 2 Tennessee street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

General Leslie Combs will probably get the vacant Marshalship in Kentucky.

The South Carolina Convention, now in session, has a negro majority of ten.

The New York *Freeman's Journal* hoists the flag of Pendleton.

A mule of sheep is reported near San Antonio, Texas, at twenty-five cents a head.

Samuel N. Pike's fortune is said to be eight or nine millions, one-third of which he made in the last two years.

J. B. McCullaugh, the Cincinnati *Commercial's* "Mack," is to be Andrew Johnson's private secretary.

The Mobile *Times* says there is not a blunder in the Mobile directory for this year. Reason—no directory.

The New York *World* has a double-leaded editorial denouncing Congress as traitors and declaring them revolutionists.

Meade declines to postpone the Florida convention election thirty days, to correct registration frauds.

General Hancock, with the object, says the Chicago *Times*, we fear, of goading the Radicals to frenzy, has been on a party of pleasure with Braxton Bragg.

Captain Philip Pennyset, an old and esteemed resident of Arkansas, died at Little Rock on the 14th instant, in his seventy-fifth year.

Wall street, New York, is to have private detectives. The cause of this special provision has been in a recent series of robberies.

Charles Francis Adams styles Boston, in the *North American Review*, "a great statelite of New York," and "an outlaying province of Wall street." Hard on the "Hub."

George W. Smalley, the London correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, receives a yearly salary of $5,000 in gold. In the editorial rooms of the *Tribune* there are now but three men who were there two years ago.

The New York *Herald* declares that Grant has surrendered at last to the Radicals, and calls on him to retrace his steps if he would preserve the esteem and affection of the American people.

Eugene Casserly's first dispatch from San Francisco, after the recent election, was this, to his mother in Brooklyn: "My Dear Mother: "Your son has been chosen a United States Senator for the State of California."

The citizens of Aiken, South Carolina, have called upon Mrs. Preston S. Brooks for the cane presented her husband in token of the assault on Sumner, with the intent to send it to Mr. Sumner, inscribed, "Hit him again."

The new cotton factory at McMinnville, Tennessee, is to run 2,000 spindles and sixty looms. The machinery has been bought, and is to be brought on and put up as early as practicable.

Colonel Greene, of the Boston *Post*, declines the Assistant Treasurership of Boston, offered him by Andrew Johnson. He says that the treasury of the *Post* is amply sufficient for all his demands.

The Emperor of Austria gave ten thousand florins to the Papal exchequer, the Empress four thousand, and the Prince Imperial one thousand. A pledge that the Concordat would be sustained would have been more agreeable to his holiness.

Almost every Democratic paper in the State of Ohio, since the 28th of January convention, has raised the flag of Hon. George H. Pendleton for President. A large number of papers in other States have followed the example.

Napoleon sent for upward of a hundred members of the Corps Legislative previous to the commencement of the debates on the military bill, and argued them in the strongest manner to vote for the measure. He had never before condescended to "lobby" for any bill after this fashion.

The financial troubles of Austria are such that her Government is on the eve of reducing the interest on her bonds, which will of course give rise to a vehement outcry against her good faith. The Austrian Government resorted once before to the same desperate expedient. It was in 1811.

The London *Times*, in view of the recent treatment received by Dickens in this country, is quite enraptured with us. "Nothing," it says, "that Mr. Dickens can tell the world will testify more strongly to the generous character of the American people than their own conduct toward him."

Information from New Hampshire is to the effect that the Democrats are organizing for a stiff fight. Great interest is being taken in the canvass by the leading men of that party outside of the State, and a large fund is being raised for campaign purposes. The intention is to secure New Hampshire, as a first gun for the Democracy next spring.

The New York *Sun*, in a long review of "the situation" among the working people, concludes as follows: "The simple fact is, that the present state of the labor market is abnormal, and cannot continue. There must be a readjustment in prices and values of all kinds. This is inevitable. Until it comes capitalists will hesitate to proceed with their enterprises, and labor will continue to be thrown upon its own resources."

In the billiard rooms of Willard's Hotel, at Washington, the other evening, a boozy individual made a bet that he could swallow a billiard ball. The bet was accepted, and the boozy individual undertook the task. The ball was oiled, and with some effort got through his teeth and into his mouth; and there it stayed, and would neither go down nor come out until Dr. Miller was sent for, who, after half an hour's hard work, removed it. Up to the present time, however, three score men have not been able to get his teeth together as they were before.

The Little Rock *Republican* of the 15th states that within three weeks three men have been murdered in the vicinity of Dardanelle: Joseph E. Bennett, a man by the name of Perkins, and the last one, a Mr. Ferguson, a well known citizen of Yell county. Ferguson was shot by a man named Turner. He leaves a wife and five small children. The informant adds that he has just learned of the murder of a Mr. George Biggerstaffe, who was killed while riding in his wagon about five miles west of Clarksville. A negro boy named Allen, who accompanied Biggerstaffe, was murdered at the same time.

Duel Between New Yorkers in New Jersey.

A duel is reported to have occurred near Patterson, New Jersey, yesterday morning. The names of the duellists are C. X. Pemberton, an importing merchant, and Mr. Debilieux, a Wall street bank clerk, and the cause of the meeting was an insult given Debilieux's sister by Pemberton, at a ball recently held at Irving hall. The brother demanded an apology, which Pemberton refused to make, and a challenge followed. The friends of the two men appeared to have considered the matter in the light of a joke, supposing it would be amicably settled. This was not the purpose of Debilieux, who brought the matter to an issue yesterday morning.

On Wednesday evening the two men and their friends left this city for Patterson, and yesterday morning they proceeded to Goodwinsville, near Patterson, and retired to a secluded spot. The efforts of the friends to settle the difficulty were still unavailing, but it was agreed that only one shot should be exchanged. Preliminaries having been arranged, the men took their places, Pemberton nervous, and Debilieux perfectly cool. Word having been given, the men fired simultaneously. Debilieux was unhurt, his antagonist's ball having passed to the left, and lodged in a tree close by. Pemberton was severely wounded. Debilieux's ball having struck him on the side of the head, causing a slight fracture of the skull. The wound was quickly dressed, and the men concerned in this "affair of honor" returned to this city.—*New York Post*, 18th.

A WAIL FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Condition of Manufacturing Industry.

Threatened Ruin and Bankruptcy from Radical Legislation.

While the bill to repeal the cotton tax was under consideration in the United States Senate, just before the holiday recess, Mr. Sprague, of Rhode Island, said:

MR. PRESIDENT: I stand here and advocate the interests of that industry which, in my judgment, is more depressed than any other. In the range of my vision I do not know of a single manufacturing interest that is not almost destroyed; at any rate prostrated to the very dust. I know that thousands and thousands of men, women and children are to-day suffering for the want of employment, in consequence of these taxes and this adverse legislation towards existing interests.

There is one important fact that I desire to impress upon the mind of every Senator here. My judgment is more depressed than any other. In the range of my vision I do not know of a single manufacturing interest that is not almost destroyed; at any rate prostrated to the very dust. I know that thousands and thousands of men, women and children are to-day suffering for the want of employment, in consequence of these taxes and this adverse legislation towards existing interests.

There is one important fact that I desire to impress upon the mind of every Senator here. I would rather whisper it to them than speak it in public. The cause which has operated to dethrone cotton, the cause which has operated to destroy it as a monopoly, is what? An over production of cotton in this country? No, sir. I am humiliated in being obliged to admit the fact that with this poor, despised, short stapled husky India cotton, a fabric is to-day produced by the skill and labor of Englishmen equal to the best fabric that American machinery has yet been able to produce. This is the cause of the present depression of the cotton manufacture in this country and throughout the world.

Sir, the question before you is not whether you shall not tax an existing interest, but it is whether cotton is an existing interest. If the people of the South, those whose means are to be invested in this crop, knew the exact circumstances, my life for it they would not invest a single dollar in it. It has been my privilege to plant cotton, commencing in 1852 and following it up to the present time. I know something of the necessaries required to raise that crop. As you have been told, in the month of January the furrow is made; in the month of February the seed is planted; and then the hoeing commences soon after. If you postpone this measure you postpone the cultivation of the crop. What man will place seed in the ground with this tax weighing upon him, calm in the confidence that they will commence the planting of corn under such circumstances?

Sir, in my judgment, you have not this interest in your hands. I am afraid that you have lost us forever. But it may not be. If you are wise you will look upon it in this light; you will endeavor to go back upon your past legislation to mend, to repair, to heal, to cure, if you can. My judgment is that it will be the hardest task that ever washed the hands or minds of politicians or statesmen. I fear for the existence of the manufacturers of my own State in consequence of this alarming condition of things. I fear that the fabrics produced from the cheap cotton which is now grown in India will, in spite of all tariffs, find their way into this country and be consumed by the American people, and then let me ask, what will be our position in New England?

We boast of Sea Island cotton as being unequalled by any, and we feel sure that we have a monopoly in that from which nothing can oust us. And yet, sir, in my judgment, not two years will have passed over us when, instead of its being cultivated as it has been in years past, it will be known only in some gentleman's garden as a reminder of what once has been; and it will be merely a plant of orgament. The Egyptian cotton is to-day being introduced into seven-eighths of the finer qualities of goods that the Sea Island cotton was hitherto used for.

I hope I have made myself understood. I wish I could create in the mind of every Senator the alarm I feel. We have been told that we of the North are rich; the Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. Wilson] tells us that we are seven times richer than we were before the war. I wish I could believe it. What have we to show for these alleged riches? We have spent $5,000,000,000; we raised $600,000,000 last year; we pay enormous taxes. We had the South before the war. Have we it any more now than we had before the war? Is it worth as much? Why, sir, I know the fact that many of the principal plantations of the South are not worth one-twentieth part as much as they were then.

Mr. Nye—Why?

Mr. Sprague—Why? Because it does not pay to cultivate them and to hold them, as I know. Are we richer as a manufacturing State in Rhode Island than we were before the war? I say no; and I know the fact myself from experience. I know that seven years of employment of the machinery of that State has reduced its value seventy per cent. Have we laid up anything to meet that deficiency? Have we more lands, more houses, more of any of the necessaries of life? The statistics do not show it. We are poorer, in my judgment, by the $5,000,000,000 we have spent in the war. It may be that to offset this you may deduct what we have produced during the seven years; but, then, on the other side of the account, you must add that which fifteen hundred thousand men have destroyed. The argument of the Senator from Massachusetts was in favor of a measure which I am for, but I am not willing to admit that his statement of increased riches on the part of the North is a correct statement of the facts. I say the contrary is the truth.

I am sorry to differ from my friend from Vermont; but he tells us that if we obtain from a short crop as much money as we get from a larger one, the result is just the same. My whole experience is to the contrary of that. The thing is so self evident that I will not believe it is necessary for me to enter into a discussion of that point, and I will drop it.

Now, I desire to humiliate myself once more before I take my seat. My friend from Kentucky and my friend from Iowa have spoken of the drawback as being very beneficial to the American manufacturer, and my friend from Vermont holds to it with a tenacity characteristic of and creditable to him. But, sir, what does the statistics show? In the whole range of my experience I do not know of an article that the American manufacturer can now produce and export and compete with foreign manufacturers in the markets of the world, even with the drawback.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont: Will the gentleman allow me to refer him to the reported tables of our exports, which show that whereas before the imposition of this tax upon cotton and the allowance of the drawback we were exporting none at all, we have got back to exporting at the rate of between four and five millions, or more than one-half the amount that we ever exported in the most prosperous year.

Mr. Sprague: I know a little about that matter of exporting cotton fabrics from this country, and it is easily explained. Before the war our commission merchants in Boston induced certain individuals who had more money than brains to enter into the manufacture of cotton goods for exportation. They would buy that product at cost, send it to India, and there sell it, in competition with the English, for ten or fifteen per cent. below cost. Why did they do it? I can tell you. If it is an argument on which to base our credible information as exporters and as competitors in the open market I cannot see it. The point was that as there was a large premium for exchange on London, equal to ten or fifteen per cent., they at times exported this article to pay their debts for tea and silk.

I am not good at statistics, but I happened to examine the books of statistical information made up for us by the Bureau of Statistics, and I find that for four months past we have been exporting of cotton goods about three hundred and fifty thousand dollars a month—the greater portion consequent upon it, and it is exported under such circumstances as I have stated. The total, I think, is $1,470,000 for four months.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont: At the rate of $5,500,000 a year.

Mr. Sprague: From three hundred and fifty to four hundred thousand dollars a month. I am not anxious about this drawback; I do not believe it amounts to anything in the present condition of the manufacturing interests of this country, for we cannot compete with foreign manufacturers in the markets of the world. We have a splendid fabric of government; we have ships of war; we have foreign ministers and consuls, and we have an army, like Great Britain, but she employs hers for aggressions into the territories of other countries so as to secure employment for British labor, and we employ ours for show. As my friend from Ohio suggests, she tries to conquer territory for the cultivation of cotton; we to destroy it.

Taxes have, in a measure, placed the American laborer in the position he is in. I am as much responsible, perhaps, as anybody for that, although I have opposed many specific items of taxation; and I do not wish to shirk that responsibility one iota; but I must say that we have taxed out of existence interests which have made us a prosperous people. We have desired, foolishly in my judgment, to show to the world that we could commence to pay off a portion of the principal of the public debt after having exhausted the resources of the people beyond almost any human endurance. It was a mistake; it was a blunder almost equal to a crime. We are now paying the penalty. We desire to sustain the national credit that it might stand well at home and abroad. This was commendable, but very unwise. Then there is a very unwise hue and cry, in my judgment, that demands an immediate return to specie payments when the people of the country can hardly pay fifty cents on the dollar in currency; and you enacted another very unwise provision, which withdrew your currency month after month, a value and a basis upon which prices were sustained and maintained, and the interests of your people carried on. I trust, as I shall not hereafter, perhaps, enter upon the debate of these questions, those who are responsible for these measures will be exceedingly careful how they repeat the blunders heretofore committed. I very much fear the bill presented to us a few days ago will allow your currency to be shifted from hand to hand, at every shift altering and changing the value of property and the interests of the people.

The two measures of restricting the currency and imposing a tax on cotton have been very burdensome to the nation. The repeal of the cotton tax as a separate local measure is perhaps more important this time than any other. I have not been in my seat as long as most of the members in consequence of sickness; but I came here from my constituents, and from consultation with those conversant with the business and financial interests of the country, and, in my judgment, nothing has been more satisfactory to the people with whom I came in contact, and who are capable of judging of such questions, than the two measures passed by the other house, one to repeal the cotton tax and the other to tie the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury so as to prevent him from contracting or withdrawing the currency. Now, sir, delays are dangerous; a great interest is being prejudiced, prostrated and destroyed, and it is the bounding duty of the Senate, in my judgment, to come to its relief by acting on this measure favorably, and acting now.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WEDNESDAY NOON DISPATCHES

Latest News from Mexico and Cuba.

Mexican Congress Declares Yucatan to be in a state of Siege.

The Release of George Francis Train.

Seizure of Spirits by a Revenue Inspector.

HAVANA, January 20.—The war steamer Chornia sailed to-day for Carthagenia, to effect the release of Ulloa.

Newspapers have been prohibited in all the colleges on the island.

Vague reports are in circulation that 20,000 muskets have been sent from Havana to Yucatan, and an expedition was ready to start for Sisal at two hours' notice.

HAVANA, 21.—Intelligence from the City of Mexico to the 11th instant has been received. The government supports the project of buying twenty-eight frigates—each State purchasing one.

A quadruple alliance has been concluded between Mexico, Peru, Chili and Bolivia.

Juarez recently gave a banquet to the Bolivian minister.

Kidnapping operations are increasing. Senor Alvarez, of Molina, has been seized by the robbers, and obliged to pay a ransom of twenty-eight thousand dollars.

Congress has declared Yucatan to be in a state of seige. Campechy and Mobasto are each to supply five hundred militia to put down the rebellion. The Executive is to appropriate one hundred thousand dollars monthly to defray expenses. Campaign appropriations are to cease by April. Ponferri Diaz was will encamped with the remainder of his troops after the expedition sailed for Yucatan.

The State Legislature at Puebla passed the bill prohibiting bull fights.

General Pavon has been made Provisional Governor of Tamaulipas.

The monster Escobedo heard of the rebellion in Yucatan, he threw one thousand infantry, fully equipped, into Tampico. Another steamer, with troops, is ready to leave Vera Cruz for Yucatan.

Guadalajara was opening Lake Chapala to navigation.

LIVERPOOL, January 21.—Cotton is steady; sales, 12,000 bales; uplands, 7⅝@7¾d, Orleans, 7¾@8d.

LONDON, January 21.—George Francis Train has been released by the Cork authorities. The causes leading to his arrest were these: An Englishman named Gee, a fellow passenger of Train, informed the officers on the tug which boarded the Scotia at Queenstown, that Train said he came to Ireland to organize Fenians and commence the fight. Train was arrested upon this information. Gee denied giving such information when before the court. Eastman, at Queenstown, was exceedingly active in Train's behalf. Minister Adams at once saw Lord Stanley, who ordered the release of Train. Lord Stanley disavowed the act on the part of the government, and stated that the local authorities were solely responsible.

WASHINGTON, January 22.—General Ord has left for California.

The Commerce Committee have agreed on the House bill prohibiting the construction of the currency, with a provision that the new notes shall replace those destroyed or mutilated.

BOSTON, January 22.—Three hundred and fifty barrels of spirits were seized here yesterday, by Revenue-Inspector Conally, of New York.

PITTSBURG, January 22.—The river is four feet and rising. Thermometer 25° and clear.

NEW YORK, January 22, 12 m.—Gold opened at 139; at 10:20 was 139¼, and is now 139¾. Cotton market firm, and prices are a shade better, though not quotably higher; quotations unchanged. Exchange steady.

THE PRIZE FIGHT ON BLOODY ISLAND.

One of the Combatants Killed.

From the St. Louis Democrat of Monday.]

Last night the Chief of Police read a communication from Sergeant McLean, of the East St. Louis police force, informing him that two young men from this city, named Thomas McCann and Dennis Reardon, had crossed to the upper end of Bloody Island yesterday afternoon, with a half dozen companions, and engaged in a prize fight. The affair terminated in the killing of McCann. The young men are each about eighteen years of age, and belonged to the class of young

STANTON STILL HOLDS ON TO THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

His Friends Advise Him to Resign.

A Scheme to Entrap the President.

[Special by telegraph to the New Orleans Times.]

WASHINGTON, January 13.

Stanton still holds on to the War Department, notwithstanding the advice of Grant, Sherman, the New York *Evening Post*, and other leading journals, that he resign. He loves power too well to give it up, except by force, and no degree of sentiment or honor, or manhood enters into the consideration with him.

It is stated by certain Republican Senators as probable that Stanton remains in office, not only for his own selfish gratifications but to aid the extreme Radicals and the impeachers in entrapping the President into some seeming violation of law, which will be seized upon immediately as ground for impeachment, which being started, will resurrect the old testimony, and Johnson will be impeached and deposed instanter, and Wade will take possession of the White House. Such is most assuredly the plan now proposed, as I have it from unquestionable sources.

The President, however, is aware of the purpose of the revolutionists, and will foil them.

The President proposes to quietly let affairs go on in their own way for a few days, recognizing Stanton as Secretary of War only when imperative law or necessity demands it, by this means reducing that officer to a mere clerk.

An order may possibly be issued in two or three days forbidding Stanton from issuing any order unless expressly directed by the President, and it is probable that before the close of a week, the President may make an absolute order removing Stanton, or without any such order he may nominate a new Secretary. It is found that Republican Senators advocate that as the best way of settling this difficulty, which has worked such injury to Grant, Stanton and the Senate in the estimation of the people.

James Gordon Bennett, jr., is about to run a plantation in South Carolina. Into the ground?

TO COTTON SHIPPERS.

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad has just completed arrangements to

SHIP COTTON

TO

New York and all Eastern Cities

VIA

CHARLESTON, NORFOLK,

And by ALL RAIL via Orange and Alexandria Railroad; and WILL ISSUE through Bills of Lading to all points, AS LOW AS THE LOWEST RATES, which are given by any other route, and with more advantages to shippers than by any other line. A day and night fast freight schedule having been put in operation, running through without break or delay or detention, shippers need apprehend no delay. We are determined to maintain, and are visited every summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure from all quarters of the country. They are within a few minutes' ride of Memphis by a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which glides around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health inviting spot, and the present season is believed to be more than usually favorable for the restoration of invalids. The ground surrounding the springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, is conceded to be the healthiest part of the county, and in one word, several never-failing, and are designated as follows:

Marble Spring,
Box Spring,
Magnolia Spring,
Arsenic Spring,
Sulphur Spring,
Freestone Spring.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. Two octogenarians of healthy county are residents of Raleigh.

The springs are so much resorted to by pleasure seekers and by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial and natural means of amusement, that the Springs Are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Music Arbor, Reading Room, Gents' Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room Gymnasium, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

The grounds accompanying the Springs in the above scheme are included in the First prize. It is best seen in extent, overlooking the valley and affords in addition a most desirable site for a grand hotel and other buildings; splendid facilities for a park, promenades, etc.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are a compound of mineral and curative properties of any in the United States. There is no reason—then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Harrodsburg or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the incorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to a direct rail communication with Memphis.

For the prize, $5,000 was recently offered, which was declined in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE NO. 2.

The elegant COUNTRY MANSION HOUSE and lot residence of J. M. Coleman is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first-class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced, and contains about nine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cistern, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Vasey, on the main promenade. Value, $5,000.

PRIZE NO. 3.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH.

PRIZE NO. 4 TO 25.

TWENTY-TWO COTTAGE LOTS, valued at two hundred and fifty dollars each. These lots are a portion of the village of Raleigh, delightfully situated, and fronting on thoroughfares, and will be drawn with the understanding that the winner shall have free access at all times to the Springs and belongings.

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING.

Six thousand and seven hundred tickets, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, the same number (blanks including twenty-five inscribed with names of the premiums) will be placed in another. From these wheels tickets will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will take the premium drawn simultaneously.

All moneys received upon the sale of these shares will be placed in the hands of the Mutual Bank of Memphis, and will remain there to the credit of the Association until the drawing takes place.

REFERENCES.

C. F. Chamberlain & Co. — B. Lowenstein Bros.
Bank of Commerce — Bank.
G. Fabia. — E. M. Apperson & Co.
G. C. Boone & Co.

NOTICE.

Personsordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of five dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, payable to our order for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written. All orders for certificates, and communications, should be addressed to

F. Y. ROCKETT,
Financial Secretary,
At Phœnix Mutual Insurance Company, Bethel Block, No. 280 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee.

THE IRISH CITIZEN

A NEW WEEELY NEWSPAPER

Published in the City of New York

John Mitchel, Editor and Proprietor.

AMONG the other attractions of the IRISH CITIZEN, such as we hope may make it interesting to the general reader, we intend to produce a variety of sketches, historical and legendary, in the old world, and notes and sketches of historical events, and graphic biographies of Warriors, poets, orators, and others chiefly connected with the history of the literature of Ireland and her people.

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The White Boy Conspiracies of 1764.
Wild Sports of Clare two hundred years ago.
Bagnal Harvey.
Fighting Fitzgerald.
An Irish Castle in Queen Elizabeth's Time.
O'Reilly the Grandee of Spain.
Watty Cox.
Charles O'Conor and the Catholic committee,
Thurot's Descent,
Major Sirr, etc., etc.

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Grand Special Scheme

OF THE

RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS

To be Drawn on about

February 15th, 1868,

UNDER the direct auspices of the following well known citizens of Memphis:

DIRECTORS:

N. CORONNA, President German National Bank;
JOHN S. TOOF, of Toof, Phillips & Co.;
W. L. STEWART, late of W. L. Stewart Bros.;
ROLFE S. SAUNDERS, U. S. Collector;
B. R. PITTMAN, of M. R. Pittman & Co.;
GEO. H. LESUEUR, of Ward & Lesueur.

N. CORONNA, Treasurer.

DEPOSITORY—German Nat'l Bank.

F. Y. ROCKETT, Financial Secretary

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.

Number of Prizes, 25

Certificates $5 Each.

A Fortune or a Homestead for $5.

Capital Prize Valued at $20,000,

Which amount has recently been offered for the Springs and grounds immediately surrounding.

PRIZE NO. 1.

The celebrated RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the south line of Shelby, late county seat of shelby county, Tennessee, nine mile northwest of Memphis and two miles from Wolf station, on the Memphis and Louisville railroad. These springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure from all quarters of the country. They are within a few minutes' ride of Memphis by a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which glides around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health inviting spot, and the present season is believed to be more than usually favorable for the restoration of invalids. The ground surrounding the springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, is conceded to be the healthiest part of the county, and in one word, several never-failing, and are designated as follows:

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Box Spring,
Magnolia Spring,
Arsenic Spring,
Sulphur Spring,
Freestone Spring.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. Two octogenarians of healthy county are residents of Raleigh.

The springs are so much resorted to

...OUNCEMENTS.

FOR ASSESSOR—We are authorized to announce JAMES M. ...ORE as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, at the election in March next. Jan7

FOR ASSESSOR—We are authorized to announce JOHN ...ORE as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, at the election in March next. Jan7

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce ...ARMAN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the election in March next. Jan7

FOR CONSTABLE 8TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce C. MARTIN as a candidate for the office of Constable of the 8th civil District, at the ensuing March election, subject however to the nomination of the Conservative party. Jan7

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—In response to the call of my friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the decision of the Democratic Conservative party. Jan7

W. L. STEWART.

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE—Editors Avalanche: You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee, at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. Respectfully, Jan7 A. WOODWARD.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—We are authorized to announce JAMES ...ON, Sr., as a candidate for the office of County Register, at the ensuing March election, subject only to the nomination of the Conservative party. Jan7

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Shelby county, at the March election, subject however, to the nomination of the Conservative party. Jan7 CHAS. W. JOHNSTON.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—We are authorized to announce JAMES ...KING as a candidate for the office of County Register, at the ensuing March election, subject only to the decision of the Conservative party. Jan7

TAX COLLECTORSHIP OF SHELBY COUNTY. MEMPHIS, TENN., January 1, 1868.

EDITOR AVALANCHE: Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the ensuing March election, subject only to the nomination of the Conservative party of Shelby county. Respectfully, H. L. PRIDDY.

FOR SHERIFF—We are authorized to announce AMOS ...ER as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, at the ensuing March election. Jan7

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce ...ER as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing election in March. de9

WANTS.

WANTED—A WHITE SERVANT to cook, wash and iron in a small family; none else need apply. Apply at 345 Second street. Jan7

WANTED—A WET NURSE. Apply at 368 Main street. Jan7

WANTED—A competent BOOK-KEEPER desires employment for a week. Address at this office till first of February. ALPHA. Jan7

WANTED—To remember wishes to borrow on good Real Estate security, Three or Four Thousand Dollars. Address, with terms, &c., Jan7

AGENTS WANTED—$75 to $200 PER MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, to sell the genuine newly improved LOCK-STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINES—price only $25. Every machine warranted three years. We will pay the above wages, or a commission, to the right parties. We exhibit at the fairs and give premiums wherever we operate, and challenge the world to produce a better machine or better stitching. Address S. M. SOLIVAN & CO., Franklin, Ky., Manufacturers and General Agents for the south. Jan7

WANTED, EVERYWHERE, AGENTS—Male and Female, to sell the genuine IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, bind, braid, cord and embroider in a most superior manner. It will do all kinds of tailor work. The work cannot be picked apart, even after cutting across the seam every stitch of it can be done. Every machine warranted for three years. We will pay the above salary to agents, or a commission, if preferred. Persons wishing a genteel and permanent business can have it. A rare chance seldom offered. For circulars and terms, address SILVER & CO., Marshall, Mich. Jan7

AGENTS WANTED—To sell the celebrated LOCK-STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, price only $25. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. It will do all kinds of tailor work. The work cannot be picked apart, even after cutting across the seam every stitch of it can be done. Every machine warranted for three years. We will pay the above salary to agents, or a commission, if preferred. Persons wishing a genteel and permanent business can have it made. Address ELLIS & HEATHMAN, Boston, Mass. Jan7

CAUTION—It has been imposed upon by parties palming off worthless machines under similar names or otherwise. All agents sold to the GENUINE article are furnished with a certificate of genuineness, with three years' warranty, and really practical set up machine manufactured, and we are the only genuine Southern agents. Jan7

AGENTS WANTED—$5 to twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. PRICE $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine lock stitch. All other low priced machines use the single thread. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Address, Jan7 M. BEACH & CO., 204 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. Sewing Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to call and see before buying. Address HASTY & INGRAM, 345 Second street, Memphis.

LOST.

LOST—A GARNET PIN on Main street, or between Main and Second. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at BROWN & JONES, Jan7 347 Second street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The STORE on the corner of Monroe and Front Row, now occupied by Aydlett, Robinson & Co. Possession 1st of May. Apply to AYDLETT, ROBINSON & CO., or to P. H. COUSINS, in Bethel block. Jan7

FOR RENT—My late residence on Thornton Avenue, between the corners of Monroe and Alabama streets; contains eleven rooms in perfect order, stable, etc., and three-quarters acre of land; is a very desirable and comfortable home, and convenient to the business part of the city.

J. R. WAGGONER, Jan7 294 Main street.

FOR RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE containing six rooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., with three and a half acres of land attached; good garden; one mile and half from Court Square on New Raleigh road. Apply to Jan7 GEORGE W. BAXTER, 314 Court street.

FOR RENT—A good DWELLING HOUSE on Jackson street, near Promenade. A suit of family rooms on Third street, near Jefferson. Also, a store room on Jefferson and Third. Enquire of Jan19 R. W. WICKERSHAM, At Citizens Union Bank.

FOR RENT—A new and splendid store under the new building, corner of Union and Second streets.

A store store under Greenlaw Opera House.

Several fine 1 story, and fine suit of offices, corner of Monroe and second streets.

Offices to let up under the Bayou Hotel.

A large Warehouse on second street. Rents reduced to suit the times. Apply to W. M'KELVA, Jan18 No. 317 Second street.

FOR RENT—One New Brick Storehouse, No 9 Howard Row, 24 feet front by 100 deep. Apply to W. L. DUFF, Jan21 19 West Court street.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—Four large MULES, sixteen hands high, harness and wagon, and a very fine saddle mare, will be sold at a bargain TO-DAY, at stable 321 and 323 second street. Jan7

FOR SALE—A large DISTILLERY in good running order, situated on Wolf river, one mile from Memphis. Apply to J. H. LOEWENSTINE & BROS., Jan7 No. 321 Main street.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED ROOM—Will be sold at a sacrifice. A comfortable and completely furnished sleeping room, located in the Jacaflo Block, corner of Main and Gayoso streets. Apply to R. H. Williams, rental agent of the building, or, after seven p.m., at room 8, third floor, lower entrance Jan19

FOR SALE—One Portable Boiler and Engine, eight (8) horse power; one upright Engine on iron frame, three (3) horse power; one Mayesan rump, medium size; all in complete running order. Call on Bluff, foot of Madison street. Jan15 H. DUFFIN & BRO.

FOR SALE—Two fine Brunswick BILLIARD TABLES for sale. Have been used but not ill used. Will sell cheap. Apply to R. W. WICKERSHAM, Southeast Corner of Jefferson and Third streets, Memphis, Tenn.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—I will make application at the March term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, for letters of administration on the estate of William Hailes, deceased. [1-15] B. W. BROOKS.

NOTICE—I have this day associated with me in the Livery & Sale Stable business, Mr. F. PARKES. The firm name will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of H. KS & PARKES. T. J. HICKS. Memphis, January 7th, 1868. Jan9

NOTICE—All persons hereby interested, are notified that the undersigned will apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs M. C. Fois, deceased, at the next term of the Shelby County Court. JAMES M. K. FOIS. P. H. THORP, Attorney. dec15

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the January term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, I will make application to be appointed guardian of Miss Myrtice M. DeBose. JOHN SOMERVILLE. [dec7]

NOTICE—The ST. CHARLES HOTEL, New Orleans, Louisiana, during the summer, has been thoroughly renovated and refitted throughout with new furniture, and on the first of November the decorations will be abandoned and the Table d'Hote readopted. I will take this opportunity to thank the patrons of the Hotel for past favors, and reassure them that my public table will be kept in a manner to meet their approval. O. E. HALL. oct7

THURSDAY, : : : : : JANUARY 23, 1868

ROME, whose proud banner once waved in triumph over a conquered world, became corrupt and degenerated into a band of fiddlers and dancers. America is traveling the same road—fast becoming a nation of Peter Funks and political gamblers. The capitol of the nation is defiled with noisome beasts, while the beautiful State house of Tennessee is now the abode of unclean birds and slimy reptiles, hissing at the people—croaking for the offal of party spoils, and wheeling their dirty talons and bloody beaks for party garbage. Indeed, it is enough to shock the moral sense and blanch with shame the cheek of every honest man to read the proceedings of the Tennessee Legislature. This body breaks through the Constitution of the State more easily than a rogue breaks through batten doors. It disregards law, and cares no more for principle than a hog does for the statue, the temple or the pyramid under which it roots and grunts. Nothing is too low or too vile for it to enact. The members of the Legislature seem to regard the taxes, which has wrung the sweat from the brow and labor from the arms of the poor Democratic tax payer, as so much money deposited for charity or a corruption fund, and each member is trying to make himself a pauper or a rogue. Instead of legislating for the public good, the Legislature is perpetrating all sorts of outrages upon the people. Capable of any enormity against the Constitution, right and justice, this body would not scruple at any crime. It makes laws and then pulls them down, as a child erects and throws down his frail structure of cut pasteboard, and cob-houses. Despotism fastens its fetters upon the people by slow and insidious gradations. It never accomplishes its mean purpose by a single bound, but reaches its goal by serpentine windings. The Arab loads his camel and the Hindoo his elephant by piling on small pieces at a time. The Radicals of Tennessee are loading the people by the same process—hampering them in chains, as the spider weaves his web around the entangled fly. If the weight put on at one time is too heavy, and the people squirm and stagger under the load, it is lifted off, and something lighter put in its place. Two years ago the first franchise law was enacted. The people were so little prepared for this outrage upon their rights, that even Radicals themselves trembled at their own work. But the people, sick of strife, yearning for peace, bent their necks to the yoke and permitted themselves to be shorn of their rights as unresistingly as the sheep yields to the shepherd. Such tame and unexpected submission to wrong and oppression gave the despots encouragement. The scum and vagabonds which the fate of war had cast into power and place saw that under the workings of even their own franchise law that the people would drive them from office and deprive them of their ill-got gains; and they concocted and passed another law still more intamous, proscriptive and tyranical. But even this last franchise bill was insufficient to stay the popular tide of indignation against the wicked gang who were seeking to override the liberties of the people. Radical hate, however, is equal to any emergency, and as a last alternative to accomplish their hellish purpose they enfranchised the negro, drove him to the polls like so many cattle to market and permitted him to exercise rights which they had denied the talent, intelligence, decency and tax-paying wealth of the State. But it seems there was no last feather to break the camel's back. The popular love of order, the great anxiety to preserve the State from anarchy induced the people to submit quietly to this last crowning act of insult and disbonor. But even the aid of the negro was not sufficient to stifle public sentiment in some quarters. An election was held in Memphis for city officers. Our people nominated Hon. JOHN W. LEFTWICH as a forlorn hope. But the people rallied. The public foreigners and the enfranchised Africans marched to the polls and trampled under their feet the thieves and tyrants who, after stealing the liberties of the tax-paying people, were also anxious to steal their hard earnings. The glad shouts of victory which reverberated throughout the Union, reached the capital of Tennessee, and straightway the despots commenced forging fetters for the noble men who dared to give hope of liberation to those whose limbs were chafed and fretted by the accursed symbols of an accursed tyranny. J. D. DAVIS, who has stood by the Union with a sublime faith—who was true to his principles when it required nerve, and when many of his present assailants were rebels, was removed because he would not disgrace himself and prostitute his office to the behests of party villiany. General WILLIAMSON was appointed in his place, but he, too, has been removed we presume for the same cause. The office of Register has finally fallen upon J. J. SEARS. From the good we hear of him, we cannot believe he will prove the willing tool, the lump of putty which the Radicals have been hunting for the purpose of moulding a dirty instrument for dirty party purposes. The Radicals have expressed the determination to carry the next March election in this city. Since negro suffrage and two franchise bills have failed in their purposes, we may expect some new swindle, some new law made to obstruct public sentiment, and to give place to men who, so they batten in office, care not for the contempt in which they are held by the men who pay the taxes that feeds them. The "Forty Thieves" of Memphis have already mustered their clan and gone to Nashville, under the slogan cry of office. For several days the gang were caucussing and maneuvering. They made as much parade and pomp as did NAPOLEON when he commenced his expedition to MOSCOW. BARBOUR LEWIS waddled about with all the grace of a plethoric bear suffering with St. Vitus' dance. BEECHER was seen busy packing up his "cold victuals" for the trip. HUNTER adjourned court, and, as boys sometimes tie a mackerel to the seats of their breeches and fancy themselves a whale, so did he pin his judicial ermine to his coat-tail and whisked off to Nashville fancying himself a fiery comet. A Judge adjourning his court to attend a political meeting! This drilled pack of political gamblers—BEECHER, LEWIS and HUNTER—now hang festering around the lobbies of the State capitol, snuffing up the scent of office, and concocting some scheme of rascality by which to oppress the people of Memphis. Wherever and whenever this unsavory trio congregates, unrighteousness follows just as naturally as stench emanates from a decaying carcass—and it will not be two weeks before our citizens will hear of some new outrage upon their rights, some dirty scheme introduced in the Legislature with a view of giving a new lease upon the power which is fast departing from Radicalism. But there is no fox so crafty that his hide does not finally go to the hatter's shop; and these wicked conspirators against the liberties of the people and all that is noble and manly, cannot possibly hatch any scheme however monstrous and infamous that can possibly prolong their power or prevent the people from consigning them to that oblivion, which if they had any respect for their dishonored names or charity for their unfortunate children, they would anxiously covet.

NOTWITHSTANDING the reports we have had that the Radicals are weakening on the subject of the revolutionary legislation which has been disturbing the public mind for the past two weeks, the vote in the House Tuesday on the new reconstruction bill show no sensible evidence of any such symptoms. On the contrary the unity of the Radical organization in the House, on these questions of public mischief, is preserved to a degree unknown in the history of parties looking at the tremendous consequences which are trembling upon the issue. The bill alluded to, which, in effect, usurps for Congress the constitutional prerogative of the President as commander and chief of the armies, and assumes a legislative control of the Supreme Court, was passed by a vote of 123 to 45. As there are forty-seven Democrats in the House it is reasonable to presume that this was a strict party vote. The bill passed a few days since, requiring two thirds of the members of the Supreme Court to declare unconstitutional an act of Congress passed by an exact party vote. In view of this unity in that body it is not reasonable to presume that the Senate will do otherwise than affirm its extraordinary legislation. The Senate is not a bit better than the House, as will be seen by a reference to its past action, of which its reinstatement of Mr. STANTON, by an unanimous vote of the Radical Senators, is a very fair and correct index. So that in a few days we may expect the passage of these extraordinary measures by the Senate, their veto by the President, and their hurried passage by a two-thirds vote over his executive disapproval. Then will come "the tug of war." Then it will be seen if the President will passively submit to have his high office shorn of its functions as Commander-in-Chief of the army, and himself to be made the mere representation of nothing in the White House, with scarce power enough to control his own servants. Then it will be seen if he will permit the Supreme Court, the high Judicial arbiter of questions affecting the National weal, made independent of such exercism by the Constitution itself, to be emasculated in his official presence and converted into the mere vassal of an usurping and revolutionary Congress. As we have said before his position is one of almost inestimable difficulty. It is because his position is so that it requires of him exercises such as only the highest degree of Roman firmness can be expected to put in motion. In such a crisis as that which is now imminent, the President should be careful to pursue a course which will preserve the consolidation of the friends of the Constitution, and attract to them those who, though hesitating, are indisposed to see the republic pass away and the empire take its place.

THE reader's attention is earnestly directed to the call of E. MCDAVITT, Acting Mayor of Memphis, to be found in another column of this morning's AVALANCHE. Mr. McDAVITT is one of our oldest, most solid and enterprising citizens. He has the interest of Memphis deeply at heart. Nothing but a sincere desire to promote the prosperity of the city would prompt him to make such a call, and we hope the individuals to whom he appeals for co-operation and advice will promptly attend and give him the benefit of their wise councils. The Mayor and Board of Aldermen are giving their time and labor to the public. They are working with unprecedented energy to free the city of the heavy load of debt, which has accumulated until the emergency has arrived when relief or bankruptcy must be accepted. This is no spasmodic effort, no sickly display for the purpose of deluding the people; but it is the honest, earnest effort, of honest, earnest men, determined to elevate the credit of the city, and to devise ways and means by which that credit can be permanent. The taxpayers of Memphis should attend the meeting called on Friday evening, regardless of the weather or other engagements. City scrip has already gone up, and we have no doubt it will be at par before the close of the present year. Certain it is, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen deserve the thanks of the public for the zealous manner in which they are laboring to accomplish such a desirable result. Let the taxpaying people meet Mr. MCDAVITT, compare views, exchange information, encourage one another. There is hope ahead. Give aid and encouragement to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, and our unfortunate city, long tossed in a raging surf, with shoals all around, will soon find smooth waters and the people ready to say unto the authors of their deliverance, "Well done, thou good and faithful servants."

WHEN the cat's away the mice are exceedingly rollicksome. HUNTER has gone to Nashville, and during his absence we expect to be as blythe and gay as an innocent little lambkin on a cold frosty morning. For two days we have not had the fear of HUNTER before our eyes, and we have done nothing but jump like a frog, and skip like a flea. We know HUNTER is lonely without us—feels like a monarch in exile. We happened in the Criminal Court room yesterday and almost involuntarily took our place in the prisoners' dock, and when we gazed upon that sanctuary of justice, and saw that big rocking chair empty, we pulled out our red bandanna and blubbered. Our grief was as great as that of RACHEL for her children. We won't be comforted, and there is no use for any one to make the effort. O, HUNTER, do come back, and we'll hitch on to you again like an extinguisher to a candlestick. Come home, HUNTER, for—

"Every moment
We're from thy sight, the heart within our bosom
Moans like a tender infant in its cradle,
Whose nurse has left it."

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of the Fortieth Congress.

John P. Hale Tenders his Resignation as Minister to Spain.

Latest Advices from South America.

The Florida, Louisiana, Virginia and North Carolina Conventions.

A Call for a Radical State Convention in Georgia.

Latest European News, per the Cable.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 22.

The second Conference Committee on the cotton tax have agreed that the bill as passed by the House shall be adopted, with the Senate's amendment taking the tax off of coarse India cotton.

John P. Hale has tendered his resignation as Minister to Spain.

Mr. Banks, the Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, is preparing a report and bill relative to the arrest and imprisonment of American citizens abroad. It will embrace the full details of the arrests recently made by the British authorities. The Committee meets to-morrow, when the report and bill will be laid before them, and should action be taken, Mr. Banks will bring the matter before the House to-morrow.

The Armstrong foundry case will come up in the Supreme Court next week, and it must decide the following points: First, Whether seizure and capture are the same. Second, Whether property liable to capture and prize, embraces land held by private title. Third, Whether property treated by the guilty consent of the owner, is relieved by his pardon after condemnation, and before the sales. Fourth, Whether citizens shut up in places occupied by Confederate arms, can be responsible to the United States for a breach of municipal law while under the command of the military forces of the Confederates. Fifth, Whether the Constitution operates with its guarantees when the United States recover the city.

The Secretary of the Navy, in view of the contemplated reduction of the marine and naval forces in Louisiana, has sent a communication to the Speaker, reducing his estimates $22,392,705 92.

TALLAHASSEE.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., January 22.

In the Convention to-day, a resolution prescribing the oath of office the members and officers are to take, was adopted.

A resolution was adopted to telegraph General Meade that the Convention was ready to receive any communication from him. Also to Colonel Sprague, commanding the District of Florida, inviting him to a seat.

A report from the Committee on Organization, relative to the election of clerks and messengers, was adopted.

Another, authorizing the President of the Convention to appoint the necessary number of Rules of the House of Representatives, with slight alterations, was adopted.

George Walker, and the State officers were invited to seats on the floor.

The Committees on Finance, Relief and Printing were appointed.

Ordinances for the relief of the people under the probabilities of the sale of any property on execution, and for the collection of taxes and the release of all persons now imprisoned for non-payment of taxes, were passed.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 22.

South American advices state that peace has formally been declared in New Granada. The revolution in Peru is spreading. The rebels had cut Parodas' communication with the coast, and were maintaining their position. In the North a revolution had been inaugurated by General Ocbia. The famous Island of Juan Fernandez has been let to a tenant who has agreed to establish a colony. Rio dates to the 20th ultimo states that the Allies were preparing an expedition to capture the Paraguayan supply post of Humita, which was being strengthened by Lopez, with water batteries, they however, appeared to be crumbling away under the continuous fire of the iron clads. It is said that an expedition of five thousand allied cavalry was being prepared against Assumpsion. The cholera was killing from eighty to a hundred and forty persons daily at Buenos Ayres.

ATLANTA.

ATLAN January 22.

A committee of five was appointed to day by the Convention to investigate certain charges made by reporters.

Another committee was appointed to ascertain if any of the delegates has ever been in the penitentiary.

Three additional sections of the bill of rights were adopted, which are essentially found in the old constitution.

A call was issued by a Radical committee for a convention, to meet here on the 19th of February, for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, a State ticket, etc., at an election to be held at the same time the vote is taken in reference to the ratification of the new constitution.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, January 22.

The Convention to-day adopted the proposed article in the Bill of Rights declaring Virginia coequal with the other States.

Bishop McElvaine addressed the Convention to-day.

General Grant leaves for Washington to-morrow.

General Schofield gives an entertainment to-night to the Peabody Educational Trustees.

RALEIGH.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 22.

The Convention spent to day in fixing the per diem and mileage, and resolved to have a reporter. The per diem was fixed at $8 per day for members, $12 for the President and the mileage at 20 cents.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, January 22.

Senor Romero has been appointed Mexican Minister of Finance; and General Auzra as Secretary of the Interior. Romero will visit the United States before entering upon his duties.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, January 22.

The Convention to-day adopted article ninety-three of the Constitution, providing for the election of two Sheriffs and two Coroners for the Parish of Orleans; one Sheriff to be the executive officer of the Criminal Courts, and the other of the Civil Courts. Also, articles ninety-four to ninety-six, inclusive, defining the powers of impeachment and prescribing the process thereof.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, January 22.

Prussia officially denies that she is sending troops to the Southern frontier.

Fortieth Congress---First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 22.

The supplementary reconstruction act was laid over by a motion of Mr. Doolittle, who desired to address the Senate.

A motion to instruct the committee to report certain amendments to the bill for the relief of destitute persons in the South was referred to the Military Committee.

The Committee of Conference on the bill to prevent further contraction of the currency reported, and the report was agreed to.

Mr. Sherman presented the report from the Committee of Conference on the cotton tax, stating that they were unable to agree, and moving the appointment of another committee, instructing them to recede from the Senate's amendment, and report an amendment allowing the importation of cotton free of duty.

After a discussion, and at the suggestion of Mr. Anthony, the resolution was modified by providing that at the further conference asked by the House, the members of the committee on the part of the Senate be instructed to recede from the Senate's amendment, provided the House committee accept the amendment relative to imported cotton.

Mr. Morton moved to amend it by providing that the entire tax be suspended until after 1865, and that after that year it be one cent per pound. After further debate, the amendment was adopted by 25 to 18.

Mr Sumner, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a joint resolution providing for a representation of the United States at the international exhibition at Havre this year. It authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to detail one or more officers of the navy.

On the motion of Mr. Harlan the Senate then took up a bill reporting an appropriation of $25,000 for the temporary relief of the destitute people of the District of Columbia. An amendment reducing the amount to $15,000 was adopted, and the bill passed.

The resolution admitting Mr. Thomas, the Senator elect from Maryland, on his taking the oath, was taken up, and debated by Messrs. Doolittle, Drake, Tipton and others.

The debate was interrupted by the announcement of the death of Representative Noell. Eulogies were made by Henderson and Drake, and the customary resolutions adopted.

Morrill, of Vermont, Harlan and Hendricks were appointed on the committee of conference on the cotton tax.

The Senate then adjourned.

The House then considered the Senate's amendments to the Deficiency bill, and disposed of them as follows: The amendment appropriating $1,344, on an increased compensation to the Congressional printer, concurred in. Appropriating $15,000 for stationery, with a proviso that hereafter only $120 shall be allowed for stationery and newspapers to each member or Senator for any one session. The House concurred in all the Senate amendments without question, except the last, which repeals all laws permitting the transfer of appropriations for one branch of business in a department to another branch, which was not concurred in, and the bill goes back to the Senate for action on that amendment.

The Speaker presented the estimates for deficiencies in the Indian Department. Referred to the Committe on Appropriations. Also a resolution from the delegates of the Mississippi Convention, asking for the removal of disabilities from H. W. Flournoy and three others. Referred to the committee on Reconstruction. Also a memorial from the Common Council of Washington City, in behalf of persons out of employment, and praying for the improvement of the city.

Mr. Kerr offered a resolution reciting that many of the decisions of the United States Supreme Court possess no intrinsic value to the profession or to the country, and instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of improving the Court, and to direct that such decisions shall not be reported. Adopted.

A resolution in regard to national banks, was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency. It asserts that the words "place where the bank is located and not elsewhere," in section 41 of the national currency act, shall be construed to mean the State wherein the bank is located; and the State Legislature may determine and direct the manner and place of taxing the shares of national banks in the State, subject to a restriction that the taxation shall not be at a greater rate than that assessed upon other moneys or capital, and provides that the shares of any national bank owned by non-residents of any State shall be taxed in the city or town where the bank is located and not elsewhere.

Mr. Julian offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Education to inquire into the expediency of providing for a general system of education in the districts lately in rebellion, including a sufficient number of common schools for the education of every child, irrespective of color or other distinction, between the ages of five and twenty. The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Julian, from the Committee on Public Lands, declaring forfeited to the United States certain lands given to aid in the construction of railroads in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

During the debate the epithet of "coward" was applied by Mr. Chandler to Mr. Julian.

The bill went over until to-morrow, to enable the Missouri delegation to announce the death of their colleague, Thos. E. Noell. Eulogies were delivered by Messrs. Newcomb, Burr, Pike, McCormack, Niblack and Knott. Appropriate resolutions were adopted, and the House adjourned.

The library of John C. Calhoun is advertised to be sold at auction in South Carolina, as forming part of the estate of the late Andrew P. Calhoun.

Real estate in Atlanta, Georgia, that cost, before the war, $40,000 in gold, sold the other day, at United States Marshal's sale, for $7,000 in currency.

The Savannah, Georgia, National Bank declared a dividend, on the 8th instant, of thirty-seven and a half per cent. Pretty good for six months' work. Pretty good shaving.

The gross receipts of the Postoffice Department for the last year were $14,000,000, and the expenses $18,000,000, thus leaving a deficiency of $4,000,000. Ohio runs $4 000 behind.

There are now 234 convicts in the Tennessee penitentiary, sentenced for larceny, whose average theft did not amount to five dollars. It is thought the convicts are coming in on an average of one per day.

The death of the late Bishop Hopkins was occasioned by his taking cold after leaving a hot car, on his return from a confirmation at Plattsburg, New York. Pleurisy and congestion of the lungs ensued, and he suffered exceedingly.

Mr. Simpson, a Washington lawyer, was recently robbed on reaching Paris. In the course of the trial the judge said to the prisoner: "The police found on you an overcoat and a pair of pantaloons which—an incident fatal to you—bore the owner's name, written in full, on the pockets. The Americans are a people of foresight, and they are right in being so."

The Cincinnati *Commercial's* correspondent has learned officially that the President has decided not to permit any orders to go from the War Department except in strict pursuance of law, which being literally followed, will prevent any orders from Secretary Stanton, and compel everything of that character to be issued by direction of the President.

Henry J. Raymond is a Presbyterian. Mr. Greeley, as is well known, is an attendant of Dr. Chapin's church. The latter has approximated to an orthodox stand point in late years. Mr. Bonner is a Congregationalist, and Mr. James Gordon Bennett a Roman Catholic. William Cullen Bryant and Peter Cooper are Unitarians, the latter being a member of Dr. Bellows' church.

General Grant is decidedly opposed to the new reconstruction bill. Representative Orth, of Indiana, said to him on Saturday night, in the presence of a large company at Speaker Colfax's reception, that the House would put the bill through right away. Grant replied that he sincerely hoped not; that he saw no necessity for it, and that he should be very sorry to see it pass.

A proposition is before the New York Legislature for a bridge across the Hudson, from the top of the ridge at Fort Lee to the high ground at Fort Washington. It is said that such a bridge would enable the Western lines of railroad, whose terminus is now at Jersey City, to carry their passengers into the upper part of New York, and to save from ten to twenty miles of distance, by a more direct approach to the city.

On the night of the 9th instant, George Buchanan, a crazy old negro, who has lived about here some time, was carried to Mr. Baird's stable, on South Cumberland street, frozen nearly to death. He was carried to the fire and a physician sent for, but too late to save him. He lived only a few minutes after being carried into the room. 'Squire Wilkinson summoned a jury and held an inquest over his remains, when they returned a verdict of death brough about by hunger and cold.

An English lady, affected with kleptomania, has invented a dodge which would do credit to a professional. She fastens a silk thread to a small coin, and when the person by her side in the omnibus opens her purse to pay fare, she presents the coin, with the remark that it has just dropped. When the victim receives it, and places her purse in her pocket, the silk string is firmy attached, and by that the thief quietly draws the whole affair out.

Two young ladies met with their death from burning in Chattanooga, on Sunday morning last—Miss Kate Harrington and Miss Mary Daly. About eleven o'clock on Saturday night one of the ladies, in order to kindle the fire, procured a can filled with Aurora Oil, and poured a small quantity of the fluid in the grate when it immediately blazed up like powder, and communicated to the can which exploded. The dress of the lady took fire, and the other lady came to her rescue, when her clothing also took fire, and both were so badly burned that they died from the injuries received on Sunday morning. Miss Harrington had two brothers living in this city.

MARRIED.

At the Cumberland Presbyterian church, on the evening of the 22d instant, by the Rev. L. C. Sansom, Captain JOHN A. LEA, and Miss OCTAVIA GREENLAW, all of this city.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....C. D. STRINKUM

Third night of the celebrated and favorite young tragedian, EDWIN ADAMS.

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23d, DEAD HEART.

WANTED—50 YOUNG LADIES. Apply between one and two o'clock at the Theater.

In active preparation, THE HERETIC.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Doors open at a quarter past seven; Curtain rises quarter to eight.

VARIETIES THEATER.

CORNER OF MAIN AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM.....Lessee and Proprietor.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY OF TALENT AT THIS TEMPLE OF FUN!

EMILLE AUGUSTA LAMERAUX,
MISS HELEN DEVERE,
MISS LULA WHARTON,
MISS KATE FARRINGTON,

GRAND BALLET OF TWELVE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG LADIES, under the direction of Miss EMILLE AUGUSTA LAMERAUX, the Spanish Dancer.

JOHNNY HART and OSCAR WILLIS, the King and Prince of Clowning Minstrelsy.

TONY BERTON, the Irish Lad.

DELAWARE BOYS, in their champion Double Clog.

Wanted—Twenty Ballet Girls.

Admission.....50 cents; | Private Boxes.....$5.00

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock. Ja16

GRAND BALL

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Mary's Catholic Church,

AT THE

EXCHANGE BUILDING,

On Tuesday Evening, Jan. 28, 1868.

Tickets of Admission, $1.50.

Ja23

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAWYER, WALLACE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6 Broad street, New York. New York Reference,—Bank of New York; Continental Bank.

E. ENSLEY will make liberal advances on shipments of cotton to the house of Sawyer, Wallace & Co., New York. Ja18

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Ja22

CHARLESTON HOTEL,

Charleston, S. C.

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends and the traveling public, that he has taken charge of the above well-known FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, and refurnished and refitted it, in all its departments.

The celebrated ARTESIAN WATER BATHS, Hot, Cold and Shower, at all hours.

Coaches run to and from all Railroads and Steamers with attentive Porters. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. J. P. HORBACH, Agent, Ja23 Proprietor.

Sheriff's Sale.

R. A. Hatcher vs. Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.

UNDER and by virtue of an execution to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, in above mentioned case, I will offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash,

On Monday, February 10th, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, in front of the Court-house door in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby and state of Tennessee, the following described real estate, viz: Fifty Acres of Land on the waters of Nonconnah creek, in Shelby county, about four miles from Memphis. Said property was levied on as the property of defendants, and will be sold as above mentioned, to satisfy said execution.

F. M. WINTERS, Sheriff.

By JAMES P. LANFORD, D. S. Ja21

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

FURNITURE DEALERS

AND

UNDERTAKERS,

37 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.

N. B.—Private Carriages and Furniture Cars for hire at all times. Ja22

WILLIAM STEEL. JOSEPH FLYNN.

STEEL & FLYNN,

RESTAURANT,

No. 41 North Court Street, Memphis, Tenn.

KEEP on hand all the delicacies as well as the substantials of the season, which are served up for customers in good style by first-class cooks, and at rates to suit these hard times. Ja22

COAL! COAL!

C. T. PETERSON,

DEALER IN THE BEST

PITTSBURG COAL,

Office No. 13 Madison Street.

CAPTAIN LARRY HARMSTAD will act as Agent at the corner of Main and Madison, and receive orders for the delivery of Coal. Ja22

SLAUGHTERING.

Hogs, Sheep and Cattle.

I AM now fully prepared to Slaughter all kinds of animals at shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms, at my slaughter pen near the Memphis Stock Yard, second street, Chelsea.

I am also prepared to furnish the best and freshest MEATS of all kinds, Sausage, etc., as my meat stall, No. 76 South Market.

Orders for Fresh Meats or Slaughtering promptly attended to. Ja 2 FRED. PFISTERER.

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 49 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership between the undersigned in the practice of Law, expired by limitation on the 1st of January inst.

P. T. SCRUGGS,
H. A. ROGERS.

A CARD.

P. T. & E. R. SCRUGGS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Memphis, Tenn. Office, No. 33, Union street, in front of the new Court House. Ja17

SMITH & LEECH,

RECTIFIERS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS

342 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

To the trade only. Liberal inducements to Cashpurchasers. Ja9

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Ætna Insurance Company

On January 1st, 1868,

Made to the Secretary of State of Tennessee

NAME AND LOCATION.

THE name of the Company is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Company is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

THURSDAY, : : : : JANUARY 16, 1868

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	4:30 P.M.	7:00 P.M.
Grand Junction Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	8:30 P.M.	10:30 A.M.
Somerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	9:15 A.M.	5:15 P.M.

Railroad time fifteen minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 271 Main street and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	3:35 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
Sardis Accommodation	9:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Freight	4:30 P.M.	5:00 A.M.

Express trains daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 32 hours and 30 minutes.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	11:00 A.M.	7:30 A.M.
Night Express	3:30 P.M.	5:30 P.M.
Brownsville Accommodation	6:00 P.M.	8:00 A.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 267½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 2:30 P.M.

For Charlestown, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New Yorks, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:45 P.M.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Natchez, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 5:15 P.M.

All letters for Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 5:15 P.M.

All letters for the Memphis and Louisville Railroads, at 2:00 P.M.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 P.M.

ROBERT C. GANT, Postmaster.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—Captain J. C. Terrell is our only authorized traveling agent. He is empowered by us to make collections, receive subscriptions, and establish news agencies in West Tennessee, North Mississippi and North Alabama. His receipts will be recognized by us.

M. C. GALLAWAY & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

M. C. GALLAWAY & Co.

NOTICE.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE will from this date (7th day of December, 1867) refuse to pay the individual bills of any person connected with the paper. No debts against the AVALANCHE will be paid unless they originate in the office.

NOTICE—COMMERCIAL BANK.—Those who owe the AVALANCHE for either advertising or subscriptions, previous to November 1st, 1867, can pay the same by checks on the Commercial Bank at par.

NOTICE TO THE PATRONS OF THE AVALANCHE.—Persons indebted to the AVALANCHE previous to the 1st day of December, 1867, will settle the same with Mr. A. Rives, Business Agent, at No. 303 Main street, over Mansfield's drug store, or collection will be enforced by law on or after the 15th of February, 1868.

The members of the Shelby county Executive Committee will please meet at the office of the Chairman on Saturday, January 25th, at two o'clock p.m., for consideration of important business. Prompt attendance is especially enjoined upon all.

By order M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.

NO BUSINESS.—'Squire Miller held no court yesterday. In fact he was enjoying a holiday, occasioned by the visit of his father to the city.

PAID OFF.—The United States troops in garrison at this point, were paid off yesterday, by Colonel David Taggert, of the Paymaster's Department.

GOING AHEAD.—The rebuilding of the Memphis and Little Rock railroad is progressing favorably between Madison and this city.

ARRESTED.—The cook of the Florence Traber was arrested yesterday, on the charge of maltreating a deck hand, on her last trip from the Arkansas river.

STEALING.—Louis Raddick, a negro, was sent to jail yesterday by 'Squire Pullen, on a charge of breaking into a smoke house and carrying off a quantity of bacon.

BURIED.—Johnny Madigan, the boy who was accidently shot, day before yesterday, at Cosgrove's, was, yesterday, interred in the new Catholic cemetery.

INQUEST.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of John Madigan, accidentally shot by a man named Joyce, day before yesterday. The verdict rendered was in accordance with the above facts.

MULE STOLEN.—Dick Thompson, a negro, was arrested yesterday for stealing a mule from J. W. Foster. Squire Miller will examine him next Saturday upon the charge.

WATCHES STOLEN.—The jewelry store of P. Braith was entered night before last and twenty-six gold and silver watches, together with a box of jewelry, carried off. The case is in the hands of the detectives, and we could learn no further particulars.

WHY IS IT NOT DONE?—Is it not the duty of the Controller to publish weekly the condition of the city finances? We believe it is made so by the provisions of the amended city charter, or if not by that instrument, by ordinance. Why is it not done? Who will answer?

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The meeting of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance will be in Temperance Hall this morning. It was to have met yesterday, but the failure of a train to connect, on which were a large number of the Middle and East Tennessee delegates, necessitated a postponement until this morning.

THE REASON.—The cause of the adjournment of the Chancery Court was occasioned by the illness and death of the infant child of Chancellor Smith, who was buried yesterday in the family burying ground. The many friends of Chancellor Smith tender to the bereaved family heartfelt condolence on the melancholy event.

MODIFIED.—The rules in bankruptcy have been modified by the United States court so as to provide that every register shall, by writing filed with the clerk, designate one place in his district, to which the order (form four) shall be sent; and that all other meetings in the case shall be at such time and place as the register shall order, due reference being had to the convenient and speedy progress of the case.

EAGLE BREWERY.—The saloon on Adams street, between Main and Second streets, formerly kept by J. Baum, has been reopened by Dan. Zweifel, where his friends will always find the best in the drinking line which can be found in the city. Herein is always on tap the best lager beer, from the Eagle brewery of Memphis, which is an article superior to that which is imported from Cincinnati, Louisville, and other points to the Northward. This has been fully demonstrated, and our people are beginning to appreciate it.

JOE LOCKE, in the AVALANCHE building, has received Harper's Magazine, the Old Guard, Every Saturday, Demorest, Peterson, Godey and Lady's Friend, (all for February), New York Weekly, Leslie's newspaper, Clipper, Spirit of the Times, Log, Sensation, Dime Illustrated, Police News and Gazette, Day Book, Turf, Field and Farm, Harper's Weekly, Irish Citizen, Irish People and, American, Metropolitan Record, "Brick's" last Pen and Pencil, Harper's Bazar, and all the latest dailies, weeklies and magazines. Call on Joseph.

"A THING OF BEAUTY."—If taste is evidence of capacity—which is the fact in nine cases out of ten—Dr. W. P. Gray, Druggist, 59 Adams street, gives unmistakable evidence of possessing both, in the neatness, elegant arrangement, and studied fitness of everything in his popular establishment mark his taste, while promptness, care and never-failing accuracy in filling prescriptions, preparing medicines, etc., as strongly demonstrate his thorough capacity for the responsible position he so creditably holds. Education and experience both eminently entitle him to the confidence of the public, and we are gratified to see his receiving the patronage he so justly merits.

THE FIRE.—The loss by the fire on Wednesday morning was about $14,000. The building belonged to Mr. Ernest Levy, and is insured for $7,000—$2,000 with Littleton's and $5,000 with Sylvester's agency. Mrs. Yeamer's loss will reach $2,500—insured for $1,000. Mrs. Zimmerman's loss is fully as large—partly insured. The principal loss of Case & Co., of Life and Wm. Miller is by water, breakage in removing stock, etc. The former is insured with Littleton & Co. Captain Miller has $6,000 insurance—$3,000 in the Home and North American, represented by Tomlinson, and $3,000 with Englebrecht & Dammon. Wolfe has $3,000 in the Planters' Insurance Company.

ST. MARY'S BALL.—No fair will be held this winter by the Catholic congregation, but another grand ball will be given in Exchange building, next Tuesday evening, January 28, to raise means to build the north wall of the new church building on Market street. On this occasion a gold headed cane will be voted to the most popular candidate for County Court Clerk; a splendid bible to the most popular candidate for Tax Collector; a watch and chain to the most popular candidate for Sheriff; a revolver to the most popular candidate for Constable; a watch and chain to the best dressed; an excellent violin and box to the favorite musician, and a splendid set of furs (worth $75) to the most popular lady.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson, and 366 Main street, have received the Police News, Police Gazette, Harper's Weekly, Last Sensation, Dime Illustrated, Wasserly Magazine, Wilkes' Spirit, New York Weekly, Metropolitan Record, Harper's Bazar, New York Mercury, New York Clipper, Frank Leslie, Round Table, The Week, German Leslie, Army and Navy Journal, London News, Weekly Times, Southern Opinion, Irish Citizen, Irish People, Irish American, Scottish American, Saturday Night, Harper's Magazine, Demorest, Old Guard, Putnam's Magazine, Lippincott's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Every Saturday, Pleasant Hours, Ballou's Monthly (all for February). Also, Diaries for 1868; selling cheap. Emmons & Son's is the place to get your reading matter.

THE NEW WHISKY ACT.—For the benefit of our readers we publish the late act of Congress in regard to the removal of liquor from warehouses without the payment of the tax:

An act to prevent frauds in the collection of the tax on distilled spirits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act no distilled spirits shall be withdrawn or removed from any warehouse for the purpose of transportation, redistillation, rectification, change of package, exportation, or for any other purpose whatever, until the full tax on such spirits shall have been duly paid to the collector of the proper district. And all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and they are hereby, repealed.

Approved January 11, 1868.

A Card.

MEMPHIS, January 22, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: On yesterday I was handed, by a friend, a copy of the AVALANCHE, of the 17th instant, in which it appears that Alderman Johnson, of the Second ward, used language "grossly personally to the dispensary physicians;" also, a paper of the 21st, in which his card appears, using the following language: "Your locum is mistaken in stating that I alluded to the hospital physician or meant him in my remarks." Succeeding the previous article, I inferred he meant some one else connected with the dispensaries, and being connected with one of them, I called on him this morning for an explanation, and he *positively* and *emphatically* disclaims all intention to reflect on me. Respectfully,

O. R. EARLY.

HUNTER AS AN INFORMER.

Ten Minutes Among the Records.

His Security Has to Pay the Costs.

Shortly after the breaking up in this city of that miserable spawn from Illinois, known as Wm. H. Hunter, he formed a copartnership with a man named Sullivan for the purpose of smuggling goods through the Federal lines. He had not money enough to go into the operation, and for this purpose he borrowed from E. H. Flynn $670, the note given for which the following is an exact copy:

"Received of E. H. Flynn a check for $670, the money to be invested as per understanding with him and ourselves this day, in purchase of cotton at Hopefield, or returned.

(Signed) HUNTER & SULLIVAN.

February 7, 1865. per Sullivan."

This money was paid over by Mr. Flynn, and the firm proceeded to business, but it not being successful he lost the greater amount of the advance. This simple transaction shows that Hunter was then what he is now—corrupt. A blatant Union man, and one who had served with distinction *in the rear of the army* he daily averred that no measure for the subjugation of the rebels was too severe; he yet, while bleating forth these opinions, was, for the purpose of making money, engaged in supplying these same rebels with all the necessaries to carry on the war, and in order to do so he engaged in a transaction the result of which was the *swindling* of his friend Flynn, who had advanced him the money. Too cowardly and mean to steal openly, and thereby incur the responsibility of his own acts, he applies to Flynn, and induces him to engage in another nefarious transaction. About this time the confiscation fever began to rage in this locality, and the hell-conceived law giving to the informer half the proceeds of the sale of condemned property, offered to Hunter a genial and prolific field for the operation of his peculiar talents. He turned informer and commenced sending in informations to the United States District Court in regard to property in this city liable to confiscation under the law. Of hundreds of informations given by him, we select the following, upon which the Government was beaten on a trial of the cases, and his security, E. H. Flynn, had to pay the costs, amounting in the aggregate to $207 21:

No. 26. Lot No. 9 in block 20.
No. 38. Lots 269 and 270 in Memphis.
No. 39. Lot No. 8 in block 20.
No. 44. Lot No. 6 in block 42.
No. 45. Lot No. 5 in block 37.

The bills of costs were rendered and filed on the 14th of April, 1865, and paid by Mr. Flynn, in order to wash his hands of the disgraceful transaction, which, he assures us, he would never have engaged in had he understood its character.

These are but a few of the cases, and we just give them as samples of the many hundreds of a similar character in which Hunter has engaged, and which always swindled his too confident securities out of their money. Colonel Fielding Hurst had also to pay a large bill of cost for him, in the same honorable transaction, Time was—but in a different clime—when the office of *informer* was considered among the most despicable and detestible of avocations in which a man could engage, and the mere suspicion of such a thing to be brutted against a man's character was sufficient to cast him on the outside of decent or honorable companionship. But here, in Tennessee, the moment a negro is made a citizen, such acts of perfidy are rewarded by preferment to what should be the highest office in the State, in point of the moral worth which its holder should possess. We have proved William Hunter a *liar, a thief, an informer, a swindler*, and he still has the effrontery to sun his worse than "old Moxa" carcass beneath the genial glow of a Tennessee sun.

A Card.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, TENN.,
January 22, 1868.

The Municipal government is composed of the agent of the people. There is no distinction in the interest of the two—they are *one* and the *same*. The actions of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen affects the general interest of the city, as well as the affairs of each individual property holder and citizen. In a word, we are members of the same family and that which affects the interest of *one* affects the interest of the *whole*.

In view of these facts, I respectfully ask a convention of the following gentlemen, at the Chamber of Commerce, on Friday next, at three o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering matters of importance affecting the Municipal government.

I appeal to you, gentlemen, in all sober seriousness, to take some little interest in your city affairs. You know the condition of our financial department and credit, and I ask you to meet myself, the Finance Committee and City Attorney, as already requested, and to give us your co-operation, not in the interest of *another*, but *your own*.

Respectfully,

E. MCDAVITT, Mayor, *pro tem.*

W B Greenlaw, John Overton, R C Brinkley, Wm. R. Hunt, Eugene Magevney, Michael Magevney, Wm. A. Rickford, Jas T Leath, John M Lee, M J Wicks, James Elder, J J Murphy, D B Molloy, J F Frank, W M Farrington, Jno T Stratton, C W Goyer, E M Apperson, P Titus, J Vaccaro, W B Galbreath, M L Meacham, B H Williamson, C B Church, Charles Jones, Joseph Lenow, J M Provine, S H Dunscomb, Fletcher Lane, H A Partee, Jno B Robinson, J M Williamson, A Wright, N S Bruen, J D Williams, W B Waldran, Sam Tate, J M Hill, Sam'l Mosby, S Mansfield, Jno C Lanier, C J Seldon, M S Brooks, E W Brooks, Robertson Topp, Jno Overton, Jno Combs, F Fiske, John Johnson, W S Bruce, John Cubbins, Wm Park, Dr. R D Ward, P C Bethel, Newton Ford, Reuben S Jones, F F Smith, Thomas H Allen, F W Royster, Jno Overton, Jr., B B Waddell, Jno W Fowler, T A Nelson, Jacob N Moon, George Dixon, F M White, Amos Woodruff, Henry G Smith, Chas Kortrecht, J F Carutus, T S Ayres, J C Neely, A Wolfe, Wm Chase, Robert Banks, Sterling Fowlkes, D M Leatherman, D Cockrell, W L Yancs, H A Littleton, H B Howell, J Bruce, W H Davis, R D Goodlet, H Dow, D A Shepherd, J C Holst, Geo Pattison, J M Gregory, B Bayliss, A C Treadwell, F M Cash, W H Cherry, E S Bates, E Hosley, A B Edmonds, S M Gates, J Pantz, H Gnoss, John Harter, J Halstead, W F Hardin, W K Hill, J P Strange, J B Hill, Levi Joy, H T Lemon, Tom Gale J G Lonsdale, Ralph Wormsley, J E Merriman, W B Miller, C B Moore, C P Norris, George Robertson, Martin Wall, R P Wall, A J Walt, D H Townsend, J C Johnson, G Falls, B Babb, W A Goodwyn, Geo Winchester, T P Bowles, J E Williams, R D Shankley, Jno B Leech, Thos Leech, Jno P Trezevant.

A. STRAW.—It affords us pleasure to see, that though we are now subjected to cases in law, for contempt of Courts and other deviations of ours, assumed by magisterial authority, in this "so-called Republic," that the rising young men of our country have a just appreciation of the question at issue.

One of our foremost merchants in business relations, was found fault with by his son, a lad of fourteen years old, from a distant college, and such was a paragraph therefrom:

"I see from the AVALANCHE of the 24, that the citizens of Memphis have succeeded in freeing themselves from Radical rule. It produces such an effect upon me that I read it over and over again. It is a great blessing for the country. I wish I was at home, to notice the varied contortions of old 'Grandmother Hunter.' Please send me all the news in relation to the matter of consequence, and not as a matter of charity, if grandmother is denied her ginger tea by publication of her untoward course, please don't mention it."

Such are the remarks of the "rising generation," and the people who set themselves in opposition thereto, must go abreast, and in direct opposition to our immediate posterity. If freedom exists not now, let us hope for it "in days to come."

PERSONAL.—James Warren, of McNairy county, was yesterday appointed a United States Commissioner by Judge Trigg.

Colonel S. B. Beaumont missed the train day before yesterday, but we understand he made the connection yesterday.

E. M. Hern was yesterday admitted to practice in the United States courts.

Mrs. M. F. Oliver will deliver a temperance lecture some night this week.

Captain J. B. Archer, of Louisville, is in town. His many friends will be glad to meet him here.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH BALL.—This ball will take place at Exchange building, on next Tuesday evening. The net proceeds will be devoted to finishing the church on the corner of Market and Third streets. This is a worthy object, and we hope each reader will attend. On this occasion several articles will be voted for, the most important of which are, a cane, for the most popular candidate for county court clerk; a bible, for the most popular candidate for tax collector; a watch and chain, for the most popular candidate for sheriff, and a splendid watch and excellent violin, a magnificent set of furs, etc., etc.

THE LATE TRAGEDY.—An examination was commenced yesterday afternoon, before Justice Hall, at the Criminal Court room, to inquire into the facts of the killing of Mike Connell, on the corner of Washington and Main streets, on Saturday night. Many witnesses were examined, but on account of the pressure upon our columns, we omit the publication of our notes of the evidence. The case will be continued this morning. John Bullock, Tom Anderson and Orville Yerger appear for the defense, and Colonels Gantt and Sale for the State.

SALE AT COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—The sale of furniture, carpets, bedding, etc., belonging to the Commercial Hotel will be resumed this (Thursday) morning at ten o'clock. Those who desire great bargains would do well to attend this sale. In connection with a large and varied assortment of fine furniture, the elegant and extensive cooking range of the hotel will be sold. The sales of this hotel will be concluded to-day, and it would be well for all to take advantage of the opportunity thus presented.

The "Mathian Association" held an election of officers, at their hall, January 21st, 1868, for the ensuing term, begining January 22d, 1868, and ending July 22d, 1868. The following officers were duly elected: W. G. Lewis, President; J. C. Bourne, Vice President; D. B. Fargason, Secretary; E. C. Crowell, Treasurer; E. C. Brookshire, Librarian; W. T. Bowling, S. V.; Henry Hawley, G. W. L. Gibbs and A. J. Murry, Committee on Ways and Means.

RUMOR.—It was rumored on the streets last night that Mr. J. P. Foster, the late City Purveyor, had been appointed Police Commissioner, in place of Colonel Beaumont. We could trace it to no reliable source, although we know that such a movement is on foot, led by Lewis, the cold victual thief, and Hunter.

NEW MEMPHIS.—The attendance at the New Memphis last night was not as good as the merits of the performance demanded. Mr. Adams, as Rover was in excellent taste, and he gave a good and artistic reading of the character. To-night will be produced "Dead Heart."

Power & McCoy, merchant tailors, 238 Second street, are making business and dress suits at Eastern prices, and they are determined to put their prices as low as Eastern cities—guaranteeing satisfaction in all cases. Their numerous patrons have kept them busy for months as close as an oyster in regard to the particulars.

The sale of carpets and furniture at John A. Dickinson's, No. 256 Second street, will be continued this morning, at ten o'clock, by the auctioneers, W. H. Passmore & Co. The stock is decr easing rapidly, and parties in want of goods in the above line should avail themselves of this opportunity to buy at reasonable rates.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge*—Stands adjourned until Friday morning, January 24, 1868.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge*—Meets on Monday next, January 27, 1868, pursuant to adjournment.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—*C. F. Trigg, Judge.*—The following cases for violation of the revenue laws were disposed of yesterday:

The United States vs J. A. Doyle & Co.
Same vs A. B Windt.
Same vs several firms.
Same vs A G Cushing.
Same vs Martin Beatty.

In the case of Jim Woods, indictment for counterfeiting, in which forfeitures were taken against the defendant and his securities, on Tuesday, the same were set aside, as the death of the defendant was suggested, and the case abated.

An order substituting papers was made in the case of D. R. Young & Co. vs Fryar and Harman.

D. M. Dickinson and L. Howes were discharged for the present term as petit jurors.

An order was made by the Court to open all depositions on file.

The call of the criminal docket will be continued to-day.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—The roll of attorneys was called on yesterday down to letter T. To-day it will be taken up at that point and called through.

At one o'clock, on yesterday, the habeas corpus case of J. J. DuBose was called up for hearing. Messrs. Randolph and Sale appeared for the petitioner. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, religious service will be held in the Second Presbyterian church at eleven a.m. There will be no service to-day.

Remember the great auction sale of fine clothing, cloths, doeskins, cassimeres, vesting and gents' furnishing goods, every night, at Reed & Co.'s, 304½ Jefferson street. Private sale during the day. A. S. ROGERSON, Auct'r.

TO THE LADIES.—Owing to the inclement state of the weather the sale of hair and fancy goods, as advertised for yesterday afternoon, will take place in the upper salesrooms of W. H. Passmore & Co., No. 260 Second street, this (Thursday) evening, at two o'clock.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Of Commercial Hotel furniture, embracing a general variety for chambering, parlor, dining room, kitchen, etc., will be closed this morning, commencing at ten o'clock

T. W. BROWN, Trustee.
Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers.

RESTAURANT.—Those of our readers in want of a really good meal, should call at the establishment of Mrs. Bell, on the Turley building, where, we assure them, they can obtain it.

RECOVERED.—We learn that forty dollars of the money stolen from A. H. Talley, on the levee, by mackerels, a day or so ago, was recovered by the police yesterday.

Now is the time to obtain bargains in dry goods, All our departments are uniformly low in price.

WELLS & CALL,
267 Main street.

DISTILLERY FOR SALE.—A large distillery, one mile from town, is offered for sale cheap. Refer to our want column.

6-4 Tartan plaid poplins at seventy five cents, at Wells & Coll's, 267 Main street.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

RARE CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.—Buy tickets in the "Grand Special Scheme of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company." Office at the Phœnix Insurance company's, 280 Main street. Tickets, $5. Im

Merchants and planters, be sure to look at the bargains at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street. Their goods will and must be sold regardless of cost or value.

Ten dollars a day made by any one with my patent stencil tools. I prepay samples free. Beware of infringers. My circulars will explain. Address A. J. Fulham Springfield, Vermont.

M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, have brought from their wholesale to their retail department a large lot of new goods, which must be sold immediately regardless of cost or value.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

The greatest closing out sale of the season at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. Their salesmen have positive orders to sell goods regardless of cost or value.

All you economical housewives who want prints at 12½c; 4-4 bleached domestics, 10c; Canton flannels at 20 cents; towels, crash table cloth, call on M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street. Their great closing out sale still continues.

The great rush still continues at the closing out sale of M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

HEGEMAN'S GENUINE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.—Our oil has stood the test of twenty years' experience, and is warranted pure New Foundland oil. Its superiority over that prepared on our own seashore, is shown by the numerous cures performed by it when the inferior oils had been tried without effect. Prepared by Hegeman & Co., chemists and druggists, New York. Sold by druggists generally. 1m

NOTICE.—The undersigned beg leave to state to their customers and friends that they have made considerable reduction in their general expenses, and can afford to furnish suits made from the best imported goods at a price to compete with other cities. Call and examine for yourselves.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY,
2w Merchant Tailors, 31 Madison street.

French reps and ottoman velours, superb qualities, at seventy-five cents per yard, at Wells & Coll's, 267 Main street.

We open our dress department this (Wednesday) morning, with Swiss poplins, in all the choice shades, at one dollar and fifty cents per yard, at Wells & Coll's, 267 Main street.

EMPRESS CLOTHS.—We ask attention to these goods. Sixty-five cents per yard. Call at Wells & Coll's, 267 Main street.

Shaker flannel at thirty cents per yard. Examin it, at Wells & Coll's, 267 Main street.

Don't forget A. Berton's confectionery and bakery, corner Poplar and Fourth streets. He keeps everything nice. 1w

Important to gentlemen who need the following: Shirts, undershirts, drawers, socks neckties, and a complete stock of furnishing goods. Call at the great closing out sale of the season, where you get them at half price, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams,

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

Ladies, don't fail to look at those fine cloaks and shawls at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, at the great closing out sale of the season. They must be sold regardless of cost or value.

J. H. CASH,

Cotton and Produce

FACTOR,

Commission & Forwarding Merchant

No. 236 Front Street 31 Phis. Tenn.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A cough, acold or a sore throat requires immediate attention and should be checked. If allowed to continue, irritation of the lungs, a permanent throat disease or consumption is often the result. Brown's Bronchial Troches, having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, consumptive and throat diseases, Troches are used with always good success. Singers and public speakers find them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold every where. eodem

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. ODDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we know," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, 205 Fulton street, New York; 205 High Holborn, London, England; 48 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada sod

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, January 23.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was moderate, with a heavy storm of rain during the afternoon. The river is declining at the rate of one inch per hour. At St. Louis, on Tuesday, the weather was moderating, with six inches of snow. The ice in the river is disappearing, with prospects of a reopening of navigation between Cairo and St. Louis. The Ohio is rising at Pittsburg, with ten inches of snow at Cincinnati, six inches at Louisville, and seven inches reported at Cairo. If the thunder storm that we experienced here yesterday should extend up the river, the snow will be taken off with a rush, and a good rise in the Ohio would follow. At present the Ohio is falling from Cincinnati down, with five feet in the canal. The Arkansas river is falling, with twenty-five inches in the channel. White river is receding, with six feet scant in the channel.

CINCINNATI, January 22.

The river has fallen nine inches; there is now eleven feet seven inches in the channel.

Weather clear. Thermometer 32°.

LOUISVILLE, January 22.

The river is falling slowly, with five feet five inches in the canal.

The weather is cloudy and wet.

The Dexter has arrived.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Eau Claire, St. Francis river.
" Countess, Hatle's Point.
" Great Republic, Cincinnati.
" Darling, Cincinnati.
" Centralia, Little Rock.
" Florence Traber, Little Rock.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Great Republic, New Orleans.
" Richmond, New Orleans.
" St. Marys, Louisville.

IN PORT.

Centralia, Henry Ames, Countess, Darling, Florence Traber, Eau Claire and Mollie Hambleton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The wharf continues to wear a dull appearance. The heavy rain storm which prevailed during the afternoon checked all business on the levee, and the boats in port were unable to receive or discharge freight, owing to the rain which, at times, poured down in torrents.

The St. Marys got off last night for Louisville, with 1000 bales of cotton.

The Great Republic arrived from Cincinnati yesterday morning heavily freighted with corn, etc. Her rates from Evansville to New Orleans on corn was 20@22c per sack, and other freights in proportion. She received here some cotton, and thirty-five passengers, and cleared for New Orleans at four p.m.

The Countess, Captain House, arrived from New Madrid with a fair trip. She lays over until Saturday to make some light repairs.

The Mollie Hambleton was unable to get her freight on board last evening on account of the weather, but leaves this morning at ten a.m. for Witsburg.

The Eau Claire arrived from St. Francis river with a fair list of cotton, and loads for Hatchie at five p.m. this evening.

The Darling, Captain Low Kates, arrived from Cincinnati yesterday with a full cargo of Western products. She is receiving a return trip, and leaves on Friday at five p.m. for the Ohio. Mr. Powers, a genial and clever gentleman, officiates in the office.

The Richmond passed down for New Orleans last evening with 2,000 tons of freight. Her rates on corn range from twenty-five cents to thirty-five cents. She got 500 hogsheads of tobacco at Henderson for New Orleans, at six dollars per hogshead. The Richmond and Great Republic will leave New Orleans together.

The Centralia arrived from Little Rock yesterday. She is receiving for a return trip, and leaves on Friday for Little Rock and way points on the Arkansas. She is the regular United States mail packet. Messrs. Thompson and Bob Shields are her accommodating clerks.

The Henry Ames, Captain Hicks, leaves to-day at five p.m. for New Orleans and the bends, carrying the United States mails. Messrs. T. E. Crawford and John Sullivan are her obliging and attentive clerks.

The Florence Traber is announced for the Arkansas on Saturday.

Three inches of snow fell at Cincinnati on Tuesday, and at Cairo, Pittsburg and St. Louis, from six to eight inches of snow is reported.

A bill empowering the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga railroad to build and maintain bridges across navigable streams on its route, and declaring all such bridges a post route, passed the House of Representatives at Washington.

The Lizzie Gill and several other steamers of her class, will ply in the upper Missouri river this season.

A STEAMBOAT SEIZED FOR VIOLATION OF THE LICENSE LAW.—The United States Marshal, on Saturday, seized the ferryboat Bright Star, at Washington, Missouri, for a violation of the license law, in carrying passengers without having procured the necessary license. The warrant states for penal demand in the sum of $20,500.

Freights at Cairo for the South are scarce, but more plentiful along the lower Ohio.

The Quincy *Herald* of Thursday has an important article, stating that the river mail contracts has been awarded to the St. Louis and Quincy Packet company, a new line to run direct from there to the wealthy old Keokuk line; that stock in it to the amount of $250,000 has been taken by the Hannibal and St. Joe, and the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad companies.

The fine steamer St. Patrick, Captain Lee Finney, will be found at the wharf this morning to receive for Cairo and Evansville, and will leave to-day at five p.m. Billie Dutton, a courteous and attentive gentleman, does the honors of the office.

Thursday last, in Cypress Bend, below Napoleon, the trading boat D. W. Powell blew out the steampipe connecting the safety valve with the boiler. A large piece passed up through the room occupied by Mr. Crosby, of Fort Dodge, Iowa, in the presence of the court, and no replication or other pleading had been filed to meet that denial.

General Sale addressed the Court for nearly two hours, making quite an able argument.

Mr. Hudson replied to the attorney for the petitioner, and believed that the decision of a court in a contempt case was final, and no other court could inquire into it. The petitioner was then returned and was released from further answer. The plaintiff demurs to this return, admitting the facts to be true, but saying that they were not sufficient in law. The County Court had final jurisdiction in this matter, and that decision cannot be reviewed by another court, for in this matter the County Court is equal to this one in jurisdiction.

Mr. Randolph—in order to explain our position I will state that while we admit that every court can judge of its own contempts, any other court can judge whether any contempt was committed at all.

The Court—That opens the whole matter.

Mr. Hudson cited from Blackstone as to the definition of contempts, both direct and consequential, etc.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the further argument was postponed to one o'clock p.m. to-day, the defendant remaining under the same bonds to appear at that time.

The Court meets to day at the usual hour. Should the call for motions close in time, cases on writs of inquiry will be taken up.

To morrow, January 24th, having been set apart as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, religious service will be held in the Second Presbyterian church at eleven a.m. There will be no service to-day.

Remember the great auction sale of fine clothing, cloths, doeskins, cassimeres, vesting and gents' furnishing goods, every night, at Reed & Co.'s, 304½ Jefferson street. Private sale during the day. A. S. ROGERSON, Auct'r.

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HEGEMAN'S GENUINE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.—Our oil has stood the test of twenty years' experience

AVALANCHE.

M. D. GALLAWAY & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Daily—Daily issue, per annum, in advance, $15; Weekly 1 year, $5; Semi-weekly, $8. Rates of advertising—Square (ten lines or less) $1 for first insertion, 50 cents for each subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Twenty cents per line for small notices.

OFFICE:

In upper new building, No 93 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

BRAST BUTLER'S RECEPTION IN RICHMOND.

No Room for Him at the Spotswood Hotel.

Who People Warned to Watch their Plate.

The Richmond correspondent of the New York *World* gives a graphic account of the Beast's reception upon his arrival in Richmond: As the hero of Fort Fisher and Big Bethel stepped from the platform of the car a feeble cheer was raised; the Black Boys in Blue presented arms; the women and children rushed to and fro, and the drum and fife struck up the well known and appropriate air—

[Rally round, etc.

Butler acknowledged these compliments by shutting both eyes, and bestowing one of his peculiarly sweet smiles upon the admiring crowd. He was then placed in a cab in company with Albert Brooks, a retired negro hackman, and Barnabas Wardwell, a Richmond Radical. The next carriage contained Leahy, an ex-Richmond hackster, both white but members of the Unconstitutional Convention, now in session; a third carriage contained the correspondents of the New York *Herald* and *Tribune*, sharing in company with Colonel Merrill, who was in command of Butler's staff, and is at present a Federal office holder. The Black Boys in Blue marched in front of the carriages, and the procession thus formed wended its way, with drum and fife accompaniment, to the Ballard hotel. Application for rooms so as to accommodate the "Beast" had been made at the Spotswood, but unfortunately "every room in the house was engaged." Before the hotel there was a faint cheer, another smile, and Butler entered the house in triumph, followed by the well selected representatives of the Convention.

Meantime, tidings of the General's arrival had flown to Capitol Hill, where the unconstitutional convention was engaged in discussing the propriety of putting the name of God in the preamble of the constitution. The news created consternation, and Mr. Leggett offered the following:

"WHEREAS, General Butler is about to favor Richmond city with a visit,

"*Resolved*, That the citizens thereof be requested to observe more than ordinary vigilance on the preservation of their plate and silverware."

The president looked grave, and the Radical members received the joke with respectful silence.

In the afternoon Butler had a brilliant levee in the parlor of the hotel. A dirty stream of Radicalism poured into the Ballard House until sunset. Radical whites and Radical blacks vied with each other in their polite attentions to the distinguished author of "General Order No. 20." But the grand ovation came at night, when the African church—a spacious edifice on Bond street—was crowded in every part with negroes, and not only was the building filled, but the surrounding yard contained hundreds unable to gain admission. Butler, Hamicutt and Underwood entered by a private door, and their appearance was the signal for a violent outbreak of negro enthusiasm. The crowd cheered; the banner of the Teamsters' Society again waved; the drums beat the long roll; and the band was heard above all, discoursing "Hail Columbia." At length order was restored by the negro guards, who with drawn sabres presented the platform, and the illustrious visitor was introduced to the audience by Burnham Wardwell in a few words of the highest eulogy. Butler then made his bow and "spoke his piece" in a very pretty manner. To-day Butler visited the Convention, when he was presented a scene rarely surpassed in richness. Morissey, of Richmond, moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait on General Butler, with the request that he address the Convention. A prominent Republican, Judge Snead, moved to lay it on the table. Lost. The motion of Morissey was then carried, when a Conservative moved that Henry A. Wise be invited to address the Convention, but withdrew the motion in order to allow a reconsideration of the invitation to Butler. Mr. Gibson was arguing for reconsideration, when a flutter about the door signified the arrival of the General. Mr. Gibson was requested to suspend his remarks, but refused to do so. This caused a sensation and much confusion, and the Chairman decided that the gentleman should give way. Half a dozen members appealed from the decision. Mr. Gibson wanted to know whether he had been decided out of order. Underwood (chair) said courtesy required the gentleman to sit down. Several Conservatives immediately left th hall. Five or six rose to points of order. The Chair looked around uneasily; stammered, and nervously rapped for order. The members moved restlessly about, and looked "t.h the one side indignantly, and on the other amused." The negroes in the gallery began to partake of the excitement, and cried, "Bring him in; don't back down!" At length the Chair resolutely commanded order, and ordered Butler to be brought in; whereupon the Sergeant-at-arms exclaimed in stentorian tones, "Major General Butler." placing himself at the same time in the position of a soldier, and making a military salute. The Chair invited the gentlemen to rise." A few got on their feet; others sat still; and a number left the house. As Butler seated himself, Mr. Gibson again arose, and demanded to speak on the motion to reconsider the invitation to the General. White, Sneed, and Clements, all prominent Republicans, and Messrs. Gibson and Mayse, Conservatives, simultaneously moved to adjourn. The negroes in chorus exclaimed, "Wote it down!" The Chair said motions were out of order. Three Radicals raised from the decision, but the Chair decided appeals out of order. Clements (Radical) then appealed to General Butler. The General said, "Let 'em vote," and the motion to adjourn was apparently lost. A division was then called for and refused. The President seemed almost beside himself, amid the many motions and calls. Meantime the distinguished visitor stood by the chair, looking very sheepishly at the strange scene, but evidently determined to "fight it out." At length comparative quiet was restored, and Judge Underwood informed him that by a resolution of the House he had been invited to address the Convention, The Conservative members then left the hall in a body, followed by several of the more respectable Radicals. Then General Butler spoke to his heart's content to the handful of delegates and empty seats before him.

Fanny Kemble commences her Shakspeare reading in one of the Eastern cities about the first of March.

The New York *Evening Post* and the *Journal of Commerce* are reported to have cleared $175,000 and $160,000 respectively, last year.

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of

MACHINERY SUPPLIES

And a General Assortment of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Machinists' Tools,

Belting, Packing, Horse Powers, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

Straub's Corn Mills,

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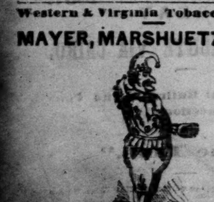

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MISCELLANEOUS

ELMWOOD NURSERY,

Memphis, Tennessee,

A little South of Pigeon Roost Road, five miles out.

100,000 FRUIT TREES, Apples, Pears, Grapes, Nectarines, Strawberries, Quinces and Cherries, only of varieties adapted to this climate.

ROSES—A very large and superb collection.

EVERGREENS—A beautiful stock—all sizes, and all kinds of Nursery Stock. Orders (plainly printed and prepaid, if sent by mail) are respectfully solicited.

Orders at 370 Main street, or through the Postoffice, or at the office of T. A. McCLURE, Architect.

dec15 JAMES STEWART.

Great Discovery!

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST—A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.—An instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses of Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail or express on receipt of one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,

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On Consignment

And for sale Low for Cash:

CHOICE CORN, HAY, OATS AND BRAN.

Choice Flour, Meal, Hominy and Grits.

Choice Bulk and Mess Pork, Bacon and Lard.

Choice Potatoes, Onions and Apples.

Also, best quality Lime, Cement, Plaster, etc., etc.,

At Great Western Produce Depot,

No. 3 Hillett Block.

dec15 W. F. WRIGHT.

F. BACHLY,

Manufacturer of Gentlemen's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

NO. 241 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, ... TENN

All kinds of Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 264 Second street between South Court and Madison, opposite the Gayoso House.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, Notary Public.

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 3, Kinsman's Block, corner of second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and the surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc., also the Rental and Lease of Departments of our business will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of our patrons, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY.

J. B. PORTER.

Notice.

TO all whom it may concern: I will apply at the February term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for the confirmation of the settlement of the estate of John Watson, deceased.

jan15 Administrator of John Watson, deceased.

ROHR & PRINCE,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE,

No. 40 Jefferson Street,

(Over O. F. Prescott & Co.'s,) MEMPHIS, TEN

dec

The One Hundred and Forty-seventh Term OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Will begin

On Saturday, January 18, 1868.

PROF. KERR will fill the chair of Chemistry, Geology and Mineralogy, and competent instruction will be given in the Department of Engineering, so that the programme of the Annual Catalogue will be continued until June, 1868.

Tuition, $60 a term.

Board not more than $15 per month.

For Catalogues, or more particular information, apply to the President of the University. Hon. D. L. SWAIN, LL.D.

jan Chapel Hill, N. C.

AVERY'S STEEL & CAST PLOWS

Calhoun (original) Steel Plows;

Empire, Peacock Steel Plows;

ALSO:

Steel Shovel Plows—Bull Tongues;

Cotton Sweeps and Cotton Scrapers.

A complete assortment at greatly reduced prices to the trade.

E. ROBBINS & BRADLEY,

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COLGATE & CO NEW YORK

AROMATIC

VEGETABLE SOAP,

Combined with Glycerine recommended for the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & CO., N. Y Sold by all Dealers.

To Property Holders

ALL owners of City Real Estate, and all agents of owners are respectfully requested to leave with the undersigned at the Mayor's office, Memphis, memoranda of any SALE-LEASES, SUB-DIVISIONS, etc., made by them since the 1st assessment.

JOHN PARK,

L. J. DUPRE,

oct10 JOHN T. TREZEVANT, Assessors.

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, January 15, 1868.

Ed. Worsham, plaintiff, vs. George Rayfield, defendant—Attachment.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3(6 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc." on the property of the defendant, George Rayfield, it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at the Municipal Court Room in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on the first Monday in March next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy:

jan RICHARD BELCHER, attorneys for plaintiff.

Richmond Weekly Dispatch

Enlarged and Improved for 1868.

CHEAPEST AND BEST

Family and Business Newspaper

IN THE SOUTH.

ALTHOUGH THE WEEKLY DISPATCH for 1868 has been greatly enlarged and improved, the price will remain the same. It is now furnished to subscribers at the rate of TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER ANNUM, at a price pacing it within the reach of all to take it.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH contains all the important editorials of the Daily, and a complete and comprehensive summary of Foreign and Domestic News; late news by telegraph from all parts of the world; full and reliable Stock, Financial, Cattle and General Market Reports; latest agricultural and Horticultural information; a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress and State Legislatures when in session; proceedings of Scientific, Agricultural, Religious and Literary Societies; all important Legal Decisions of State and Federal Courts; Reviews of the most Interesting and Important New Books; Popular Stories by the best writers; and indeed everything of interest to the Family Circle, the Merchant, Farmer, Professional Man, Mechanic and Laborer.

Our Washington correspondents will continue to keep our readers informed, both by telegraph and mail, of everything of importance occurring at the National Capital.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY DISPATCH:

Mail subscribers, single copy, one year.....$2 00

Mail subscribers, clubs of five, addressed to names of subscribers.....2 00

Five copies to one address.....8 00

Ten copies to one address.....15 00

Terms cash in advance. Remittances may be made by drafts, postal money orders, or in registered letters, at our risk.

The Daily Dispatch is mailed at $6 for one year.

The Semi-Weekly Dispatch is published every Tuesday and Friday, and mailed at $3 per year.

Specimen copies of all our editions sent on application.

Address, COWARDIN & ELLYSON,

jan16 Richmond, Va.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE

Railroad Line.

COMMENCING JANUARY 6TH, 1868, trains will leave Memphis as follows:

Morning Express.....7:00 a.m.

Evening Express.....3:30 p.m.

Railroad time, which is fifteen minutes faster than city time.

Both Trains Run Through to Louisville without Change of Cars,

And make direct connection with Jeffersonville railroad

For all Eastern and Northern Cities.

Evening train from Memphis connects with U. S. Mail Line steamer, running double daily trips between Louisville and Cincinnati.

Passengers by Evening Train reach Nashville at 6:40 a.m.; Cairo at 2:00 a.m., and St. Louis at 2:00 p.m., next day.

36 to 48 Hours Quicker Than by Boat.

Trains arrive at Memphis at 9:15 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

Through tickets can be obtained at No. 237 Main street, or at Depot, head of Main street.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH to all Important Northern and Eastern Cities.

S. B. JONES, Superintendent,

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. jan7

Creditors

HAVING claims against the estate of James Malatesta, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred. Persons indebte to the estate will come forward and pay the same.

NICHOLAS MALATESTA,

FRANK VANARO,

Administrators, 32c Main street.

ED BURKE PICKETT, Attorney.

Ledger copy till forbid dec15

MARBLE AND STONE WORKS,

99 Front Street, above Market,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

FOR SALE—The entire Stock of the late Wm. Dougherty,

COMPRISING a handsome assortment of Marble and Slate Mantles, Italian Grave-stones, Monuments, Fountains, etc., which will be sold at reduced prices to close the business.

dec29

Notice.

WE have this day appointed MR. J. W. WOLTERING as our agent, for the purpose of carrying on the

Stove, Oil, Lamp and Tin Business,

at No. 192 Main street, corner of Washington.

All contracts made by said J. W. Woltering will be binding on us. Mr. J. W Woltering is anti orized to sign the name of our firm in all settlements. EDWARD FUREH,

H. KRACKE,

Memphis, January 1, 1868. Firm of H. Kracke & Co.

A Card.

Having taken charge of the business of Messrs H. Kracke & Co. in the Stove, Oil, Lamp and Tinware Business, I respectfully invite the patronage of them, as well as my friends and customers and the public generally. to any business in the line, promising satisfaction to all.

Special attention will be given to Roofing, Guttering and Repairing generally. J. W. WOLTERING,

Memphis, January 1, 1868. jan15

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G. W. L. CROOK,

GENERAL

Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent

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NONE but sound, solvent, and prompt paying companies represented.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. McCLURE,

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GENERAL AGENT FOR

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POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe and the Southern portion of South America during any and all seasons of the year.

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INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

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INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

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The Company is now prepared to in all the various forms of Life Insurance, and to first public patronage

EUROPEAN

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF LONDON.

ORGANIZED, 1821

Agency Established at 65 Wall Street, New York, 1846.

Capital in Gold, : : : : $5,000,000

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Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.

Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Duelling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.

Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.

GEORGE W. L. CROOK,

279 1-2 Main Street,

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oct27

TENNESSEE STATE

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

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A Home Company Devoted to Home Interests.

Save but First Class Risks Taken—Policies Issued from One Month to Six Years.

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BEN MAY, Secretary.

NINETY-SIXTH SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

OF THE

TOTAL LOSSES PAID, $21,971,972 57.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in Bank.....$213,436 2

Real Estate.....248,000 00

Mortgage Bonds.....405,850 00

Bank Stock.....1,240,400 00

United States, State and City Stock, and other pub lic securities.....1,084,286 25

$3,400,968 27

Less Liabilities, Claims not due and unadjusted.....277,868 66

Net Assets.....$3,173,299 61

FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

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POWER & McGEOY,

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Are just receiving their stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS:

Cloths, Over Coatings, Cassimeres.

Doeskins and Vestings, of Latest Styles.

Which we will make to order at reduced prices. Call and examine our goods and prices and be convinced. jan7

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Encourage Home Trade

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READY - MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

No. 294 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block.

OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to UNDERSELL any house in the city. We are no branch of any New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis or Louisville house. We DON'T send all the money we make of to invest in some NORTHERN city.

Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.

Suits made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Encourge HOME TRADE and give us a call, and if we can sell you we will. Returning our many thanks for HOME ENCOURAGE home trade if you wish to have a prosperous country.

oct19 J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,

294 Main street.

ALEX. MURRAY..... S. RIDGELEY

MURRAY & RIDGELY

(Late of Alexandria, Va.)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 8 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of

Merchant Tailoring Goods

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction in every respect

CLOTHING

CHEAPEST IN THE CITY

All Cost Houses to the contrary notwithstanding

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

Compare Prices and be Convinced

THAT YOU CAN GET

Better Goods for Less Money

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FAST FREIGHT ROUTE

VIA NORFOLK, VIRGINIA, TO

PETERSBURG,	PHILADELPHIA,
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THE Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company have perfected arrangements to ship Cotton and other products to the above points, on as liberal terms and in as quick time as any other route. Cotton will have the utmost dispatch; will be insured at any point; and will be put through by day and night express trains.

A Line of First Class Ocean Steamers

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For Rates of Freight, Through Bills of Lading, and all necessary information, apply at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Freight Office.

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IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE system and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food Mineral Water.

STELLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of every Man, Woman and Child,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood basis,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try It at the Fountains,

Try it at your home;

Come back from Northern mountains

And leave the drugs alone.

Come to Spring Sanitary,

Drink the wine of life prepared,

And you will always be on duty

With a thousand blessings shared.

Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE. oct12

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT

No. 94 Camp Street,

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

THIS popular Southern Journal, established in 1848, suppressed by Ben. Butler, May 13, 1862, and re-established October 13, 1865, is now, as in the past, a faithful exponent of Conservative Southern sentiment, a reliable record of events, and the ardent advocate of all means calculated to develope the resources of the great Southwest.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

Daily—per annum.....$16 00

Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.....8 00

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Immense Sacrifice of Property near Grenada, Mississippi.

I WILL SELL my valuable tract of Land lying in the valley of Yallabusha river, two and a half miles from Grenada, containing 160 acres of land for Two dollars per acre; five hundred acres are cleared; good farm improvements on the place, and in better cays valued at from twelve to fifteen dollars per acre. Its location is healthy and the railroad makes it a commanding place. The timber on it alone, if judiciously managed, is worth three times the money.

With this place I will sell fifteen head of mules at $100 per head, making $1500, the cost of which was to me over $2,500. I will also include my stock of cattle at ten dollars per head, which includes three yoke of oxen and fifteen or twenty cows. The cattle may number thirty or forty head, more or less. I will throw in all the following articles: One log wagon, one buggy and harness, and several cows and pigs that may be found on the premises.

Here is a bargain. Come with YOUR MONEY, as I SELL FOR CASH, and to leave the country which has been my home for thirty years.

dec1 GEORGE S. GOLLADAY.

Notice to Parents.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS will open a school for Girl and small Boys, January 2, 1868, at the residence of T. G. P. EARLY, on Jones Avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church. dec23

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINLEY'S

CHURN DASHER!

Retail Price Everywhere $3.

PRINCIPAL Depot for the Southern States for "FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER," at the popular CHINA HALL of

EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT,

No. 321 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

And for sale by Agents everywhere.

Agents Wanted in Every County in the United States.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Agents Wanted

In every county in the United States for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Liberal Inducements to active and reliable men.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,

321 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.,

Agents for the United States.

Madison, Gibson, Dyer,

Obion, Henry and Hardeman counties, Tennessee and Marshall, Lafayette, Pontotoc and Yalobusha counties, Mississippi, are open to agency for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply immediately to

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Colonel W. Underwood,

The popular candidate for municipal honors, says butter is made at his house in less than five (5) minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. W. B. Waldran, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer Memphis and Little Rock railroad, uses the FINLEY DASHER. Ask him if he can now afford to do without it? Dr. J. Y. Cummings says butter is obtained at his house in from three to five minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. Go and get one and try it yourself. Price $3. cash

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,

321 Main street.

Young Men

Who cannot make money at clerking, CAN, with a little effor and a little capital, make money, surely and rapidly, by sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Come and see us and we will convince you.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,

Agents for the United States.

Get One

Of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS and try it. If not fully up to representation, return it and get your Three Dollars.

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